

THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. X.—NO. 28.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1899.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

OUR BIG CLOTHING SALE HAS BEEN A GREAT SUCCESS.

Our Customers are Delighted and say they really never saw Such Great Bargains. Come in and See for Yourself. As promised last week we quote you some prices.

Clothing! Clothing!

Men's Suits & Pants...

A few of the \$2.90 suits still left also \$5.00 and \$7.50. These goods are worth from \$5 to \$12.50 per suit. A great assortment of men's pants going at \$1 per pair, worth \$1.50 to \$2; ninety-three pair men's pants worth from \$2.50 to \$3.00 clearing at \$1.50 a pair. Boy's 2-piece suits \$1 each; boys pants 25c.

20 p.c. off Overcoats, &c.

Reversible coats making you a good pea jacket for \$3.00, \$4.00 and the \$10 line for \$8.00 and a splendid heavy frieze ulster for \$4 and \$4.80, worth \$5 and \$6. 100 pair men's cottonade overalls from \$1 to \$1.25 clearing at 50c per pair.

20 p.c. off all Furs...

Just think! a good heavy grey goat fur coat for \$10.00; blacks for \$10.40 and \$12, worth \$16. A nice coon coat for \$24; combat \$14.40 and \$20. Fur caps, ladies' storm collars, boas, gauntlets, fur capes. See our line of fur capes at \$4.80.

See the Centre Tables.

See the Centre tables for ladies good heavy vests for 10, 15, 20 and 25c., worth 20, 25, 35 and 40c. Ladies' combinations \$1 each, were \$1.50. Sixty pair ladies corsets from 75c. to \$1.50 a pair, odd lines to clear a half a dollar. Ladies' four-buttoned white kid gloves going at 25c per pair. Ladies' black and colored four buttoned kid gloves, were \$1, for just half price. 100 frills 5c. each. Misses aprons, 20c. for 12c. Ceylon flannel, three pieces, 40c. now 25c. Elder down flannelette 25c. for 17c., 20c. for 14c. Towels 5 and 10c. each. Brushes worth 25c. for 10c. Gents' ties—see the big 25c. line also the 5c. line. Linen collars 5c. each, braces 5c. men's socks 9 pairs for \$1. All odd lots of underwear worth 75c., 85c. and \$1 each going at 50c. each. Men's long felt boots \$1 per pair. Twenty-five pair felt and felt lined boots for \$1 a pair. 20 per cent off all felt boots, ladies' children's and misses. Men's rubber-front overshoes, a few pairs left to go at \$1.

Ladies Jackets.

See the ladies jackets we are selling for \$1.00, also ladies' ulsters at 75c. Just think of it! and \$1.50 for a \$5.00 ulster.



Keeping the ball rolling.



\$1.35 per pair.

Saturday, Jan. 14th, will be the Great Day for Dress Goods.

ALL HEAVY DRESS GOODS REDUCED.
25 cts. for 17 cts., 20 cts. for 14 cts. and so on.

Two Prices! Two Piles!
\$2.50 PILE & \$1.50 PILE.

In our Dress Robes we have made two piles and two prices. In our \$2.50 pile you will find robes at \$4.00, \$5.00 and \$6.00. In the \$1.50 pile there will be robes at \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 on Saturday. Don't miss the Dress Goods. They will only last one day's selling the values will be so good. Don't be late.

Remnants! Remnants! You'll have to see these. All short ends have been put in this lot. Anything you want.

A word of explanation. These prices are just as you'll find them and our object in selling at such low prices is to clear everything out and when the new season's goods are opened out we will have no old stock on hand. Nothing but clean, new, and up-to-date goods, which everybody wants. Come and get a snap.

P.S.—Mixed Pickles 15c. a bottle; Canned Black and Raspberries at 10c.

ROBINSON AND HAMILTON.

New Year's Announcement!

With the commencement of the New Year we feel it our duty to thank all those who helped to make our six-month's business career in 1898 very satisfactory for us in every respect. We wish to thank those who have favored us with their patronage and hope to deserve a continuance of it during the year upon which we have just entered.

WE ARE HERE FOR YOUR ACCOMMODATION.

We aim to gain the confidence of new customers by keeping the good will of our old ones. A satisfied customer is a business man's best advertisement. We have many of these and therefore look for great things during the coming year. With your help and our motto, "Best Quality Only," we shall try to excel in the year that is yet unknown.

Shall "The Model Grocery Store" have you as a customer?

J. J. & A. McLEAN.

THIS IS THE WAY TO ADVERTISE. IT PAYS.

A MOOSE JAWITE SUICIDES.

John Dowe Throws Himself in Front of a Train at Calgary and is Instantly Killed.

Calgary, Jan. 5.—John Dowe threw himself under No. 1 express as it was leaving the station this morning and was instantly killed. Deceased was a tinsmith who had come to the city from Red Deer to get work at his trade on the new roundhouse. Not finding work the unfortunate man became despondent and stated to several his intention of committing suicide by the method adopted. He was an elderly man and well educated. An inquest was held this afternoon by Dr. Sanson, when a verdict of suicide was returned. The deceased was well known in Moose Jaw, having worked here at his trade for over a year. He was well liked by all who knew him, being a well educated and kindly old man.

Estevan.

Estevan, Jan. 11.—News not very brisk this week. Thos. Lewis, C. P. R. line repairer, has been transferred to the Crow's Nest division. Mr. Lewis was highly thought of in Estevan and will be greatly missed, especially in social circles. Prior to his departure he was made the recipient of a handsome easy chair as a token of the esteem in which he is held. The elections for school trustees were held last Thursday. The contest was between Messrs. Yardley and Duncan and resulted in Mr. Duncan being elected by a majority of nine. Revs. R. E. McCullagh, B.A. of Napinka and Frank Tate, of Estevan, exchanged pulpits last Sunday. Miss Maud Perry has returned to Alameda, after spending her holidays with her parents. J. R. Stockwell, has gone to Ontario on an extended visit and business trip. North Portal Presbyterians will open their new church on Jan. 22nd. Rev. Mr. Roddick will preach the dedication sermon, and will be assisted by the pastor, Rev. Geo. Yule. The following evening a social will be held for which an excellent programme is being prepared. Admission 25 cents.

Boharm.

Boharm, Jan. 10.—The year that has just passed into history has been a very successful one for the district as a whole, and this locality in particular. This is partly due to the improved climatic conditions, brought about largely by the frequency of prairie fires of late. There is still need of vigilance along this line, and let us hope that our settlers will do all in their power to prevent these disastrous fires. The making of large ponds and reservoirs for the purpose of retaining water for the use of the settler has also been a great benefit to the farmers of this district. Some years ago there was great difficulty experienced in obtaining water for steam threshing engines, but since the advent of the reservoir system plenty of water can be obtained at about two miles from any point in the district, while most of the people have an abundant supply on their own farm. It has been noticed, however, that the water in these artificial ponds and reservoirs is not as good as it should be, owing to stock being permitted to run through them at will. Some steps should be taken to prevent this. But these ponds, good as they are, should not be considered as permanent. In addition to the hygiene aspect of the question the lack of a bountiful supply of the purest water is a great drawback to the dairy industry and mixed farming in general. The North-West Government should therefore take steps to put down test wells and send a proper well boring outfit in charge of a competent man, not a one-horse show that will go down forty or fifty feet, strike a stone and then stop; but one that will let us know what our chances are for a good water supply. We have several fairly good wells in the district, but I do not know of a single first-class well. If we had a better water supply it would be a great impetus to this important branch of farming, which as yet we only very imperfectly understand.

AN OCCASIONAL CONTRIBUTOR.

Lord Aberdeen since his return to Great Britain has not failed in turning attention to Canada. In all his public speeches Canada and Canadian possibilities are kept well to the front.

Hockey Boys Organize.

A very enthusiastic hockey meeting was held at the Windsor Hotel on Monday evening, when it was decided to organize a hockey club for the season of 1899. The election of officers resulted as follows: Hon. Members, H. G. Hubbell, W. J. Nelson (Rossland), Dr. Turnbull and A. Hitchcock; President, Con. Leary; Vice President, R. E. Doran; Sec'y Treasurer, R. E. Baxter; Captain, Thos. Hardisty; Asst. Captain, Wm. Simington; Official Referee, R. L. Slater; Committee of management, A. Prosser, Wm. Alexander and F. Perry. The membership fee was placed at \$1.00, and after the meeting adjourned no less than sixteen paid the fee and joined the club.

A Brakeman Injured.

While assisting in shunting some cars here yesterday afternoon a C.P.R. brakeman named Douglas was badly injured and had a narrow escape from death. In order to save a cow that had wandered on the track, the air-brakes were put on suddenly and with such force that Douglas was thrown over the end of the car. His arm was badly dislocated, his face cut and his body bruised, but Dr. Stevenson does not consider his injuries dangerous. While dragging under the cars the presence of mind of a fellow brakeman who ran along and kept his arms and legs free from the wheels until the train was stopped, saved him from being horribly mutilated. He was sent to Brandon this afternoon on the delayed express. Virden Advance.

R. T. Of T. Entertainment.

In Russell Hall, on Tuesday evening, Jan. 17th, the Royal Templars of Temperance will give a musical and literary entertainment. The programme will consist of selections and recitations by leading local talent. Among the prominent features is "Something New." Come and pass your judgement. Refreshments will be served. Doors open at 12.30. Admission 25 cents.

The C. P. R. roundhouse staff at this place have been put on short time owing to the decrease in traffic. They now work from 8 to 12 o'clock.

M'KINLEY'S MANIFESTO

ON THE U. S. ASSUMING CONTROL OF THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

All Individual and Corporate Rights
Will Be Respected and Protected
by the Government.

Manila, Philippine Islands, Jan. 5.—President McKinley's proclamation to the Filipinos cabled to Major General Otis from Washington has been issued here.

Washington, Jan. 5.—Following is the text of the instructions sent to General Otis, in command of the United States forces in the Philippines, to be proclaimed to the Filipinos as expressive of the purpose of the United States with respect to them:

"The destruction of the Spanish fleet in the harbor of Manila by the United States naval squadron, commanded by Rear-Admiral Dewey, followed by the reduction of the city and the surrender of Spanish forces practically effected the conquest of the Philippine Islands and the suspension of Spanish sovereignty therein.

"With the signature of the treaty of peace between the United States and Spain by their respective plenipotentiaries at Paris on the 10th instant, and as the result of the victories of the American arms, the future control, disposition and government of the Philippine Islands are ceded to the United States.

"In fulfillment of the rights of the sovereignty thus acquired and the responsible obligations of government thus assumed the actual occupation and administration of the entire group of the Philippine Islands becomes immediately necessary and the military government heretofore maintained by the United States in the city harbor and bay of Manila, is to be extended with all possible dispatch to the whole of the ceded territory.

"In performing this duty the military commander of the United States is enjoined to make known to the inhabitants of the Philippine Islands that in succeeding to the sovereignty of Spain in securing the former political relations of the inhabitants and in establishing a new political power, the authority of the United States is to be exerted for the security of the persons and property of the people of the islands and for the confirmation of all their private rights and relations. It will be the duty of the commander of the forces of occupation to announce and proclaim in the most public manner that we come, not as invaders and conquerors, but as friends to protect the natives in their homes, in their property and their personal and religious rights. All persons, whether by active aid or by honest submission who will co-operate with the government of the United States to give effect to these beneficent purposes, will receive the reward of its support and protection. All others will be brought within the lawful rule we have assumed with firmness if need be, but without severity so far as may be possible.

"Within the absolute domain of the military authority, which necessarily is and must remain supreme in the ceded territory until the legislation of the United States shall otherwise provide, the municipal laws of the territory. In respect to private rights and property and the repression of crime are to be considered as continuing in force, and to be administered by the ordinary tribunals so far as practicable.

"While the control of all the public property and the revenues of the state passes with the cession and while the use and management of all public means of transportation are necessarily reserved to the authority of the United States, private property, whether belonging to individuals or corporations is to be respected except for cause duly established. The taxes and duties heretofore payable by the inhabitants to the late government, became payable to the authorities of the United States unless it be seen fit to substitute for them other reasonable rates or modes of contribution to the expenses of government, whether general or local.

"All ports and places in the Philippine Islands in actual possession of the land and naval forces of the United States, will be open to the commerce of all friendly nations. All goods and wares, prohibited for military reasons by due announcement of the military authorities, will be admitted upon payment of such duties and other charges as shall be in force at the time of their importation.

"Finally, it should be the earnest and paramount aim of the military administration to win the confidence, respect and affection of the inhabitants of the Philippines by assuring them in every possible way of a full measure of individual rights and liberties, which is the heritage of free peoples, and by proving to them that the mission of the United States is one of benevolent assimilation, substituting the mild sway of justice and right for arbitrary rule. The fulfillment of this high mission supporting the temperate administration of affairs for the greatest good of the governed, there must be sedulously maintained the strong arm of authority, to repress disturbances and to overcome all its obstacles to the bestowal of blessings of good and stable government upon the people of the Philippine Islands under the free flag of the United States.

(Signed.) "WILLIAM M'KINLEY."

Russian Prison Reform.

London, Jan. 6.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail says that the Russian government has just returned here from a five months' tour in prisons and exile colonies of the Russian government in Siberia and the Island of Sakhalen, off the east coast of Asia. He has furnished me with the chief points of his personal report to the czar. Its leading feature is that Salomon's conclusion that banishment is useless and undesirable as a form of punishment because it produces the complete moral degradation of the exile. Salomon found the prisons in western Siberia in fair condition, with no signs of overcrowding or dirt, but in eastern Siberia the conditions are quite the opposite. Matters he found still worse in Sakhalen—prisoners badly treated, prisons filthy and hospitals crowded like pig sties. He dismissed two chief directors of prisons for cruelty and embezzlement and eighty minor officials for cruelty. He has drafted a comprehensive system of reform in prison treatment, greatly ameliorating existing conditions, providing payment for penal work and facilities for settling in Siberia on the expiration of sentences. He believes his suggested reforms would be speedily adopted by the czar.

A Dark Outlook.

New York, Jan. 3.—A dispatch to the Herald from Paris says: Le Temps tonight draws a gloomy picture of the future of the United States. It says that the United States cannot hide the fact that they "have said good bye forever to the idyllic era wherein they dispensed with the regular standing army and laughed at the heavy burdens imposed upon the nations of the western continent by their international situation. There is not a Democrat, not a friend of the principles that regulate modern society," continues Le Temps, "that does not deplore bitterly the incontinuation with a spirit of conquest of territories and the expansion of a democracy that hitherto had been peaceful and liberal. President McKinley may say farewell to free America to the era of peace and good-will, to reforms, economy, internal progress and to self-government."

A CHAMBER OF HORRORS.

Havana Excited Over Reported Discovery of a Torture Room in the Palace.

Havana, Jan. 5.—The afternoon papers today sent a thrill through the city with a report that a torture and execution chamber had been found at the residence of the Spanish military governor adjoining the palace. The papers declared that the Spanish officials questioned and murdered political prisoners. According to their accounts, the floor of the "chamber" was covered with dried blood, and its walls were indented with machete strokes. An excited crowd soon gathered outside the residence which was last occupied by General Parrado. The reported "torture chamber" is a room eight feet by eight, just off the dining room. As a matter of fact, it was probably used as a pantry. On the wall there is a dirty iron bar, evidently used to hang meat, and a piece of discolored rope is suspended from it. It is inconceivable that General Parrado practised torture next to his dining room.

Sale of Coal Mines.

New York, Jan. 5.—It was officially announced today by the officers of the New York, Ontario & Western railroad that all the coal properties of the Lackawanna Iron and Steel company in and about Scranton, Pa., formerly the Lackawanna Iron and Coal company, estimated to contain from 25,000,000 to 30,000,000 tons of anthracite coal, has been purchased by persons interested in the New York, Ontario and Western Railway company, and transportation of the output would be secured to that company. The capacity of the collieries now open is about 800,000 tons per annum. A director of the New York, Ontario and Western Railway is authorized for the statement that a sum approaching \$5,000,000 is represented in the purchase of the coal properties.

Death of an Actress.

New York, Jan. 4.—Minnie Alice Evans, one of the French twins, well known on the stage and wife of Chas. F. Evans, proprietor of the Herald Square theatre, died suddenly at her home in this city this morning. The greatest reticence was manifested by the family regarding the circumstances attending Mrs. Evans' death.

Coroner Zucca learned that Mrs. Evans retired early last night feeling in very good health. She slept in a room next to her mother. The latter heard Mrs. Evans coughing and gasping for breath about 2 o'clock and she hurried into her room. By the time medical aid arrived Mrs. Evans was dead. The coroner said the cause of death could not be determined without an autopsy.

As one of the French twins, Mrs. Evans was well known to nearly all theatre-goers a dozen years ago. She was then Miss Minnie Alice French and she and her sister became famous on the vaudeville stage.

On the variety stage the latter in the career of the twins was the famous team of Evans and Hoey, the latter known as "Ole Hoss" Hoey. Hoey fell in love with Leona French and married her, and Evans later married Minnie.

Toronto, Jan. 8.—The Ontario legislature has called to meet for dispatch of business on February 1. The session is not likely to be a long one. Mr. Hardy's majority will be a round dozen.

ABOUT THE MAINE

A CUBAN PAPER ACCUSES A SPANISH LORD WITH ITS DESTRUCTION.

Judge Zacarias Bresmes and His Associates Boasted That the Yankees Would Soon Get Their Due.

New York, Jan. 4.—The following is from the Herald: Havana, Tuesday: The city is much excited tonight by an open charge made in El Reconcentrado, the organ of "Cuba Libre" that Zacarias Bresmes, a Spanish judge, and now a fugitive from Havana, was actively engaged in a plot which resulted in the destruction of the Maine. El Reconcentrado today gave a sketch of Bresmes' career previous to last February, charging him with various crimes, the paper will say tomorrow:

"When the Maine came into Havana harbor Bresmes openly declared in the Spanish cafes that such an act of audacity on the part of the Yankee could not pass without stringent punishment. His threats were direct and boded destruction to the American ship. His associates were Felipe Gonzalez, Dion Siovega and Eusebio Azcue, violent Spaniards. The others were officers, volunteers.

"These men boasted that the Yankees were about to get their due, though no charge can be directed against any save Bresmes. He and the hot-headed Spaniards of Lunado street, met nightly at a house near the corner of Murillo and Habana streets, where the public knew that a plot against the Maine was concocted and arrangements completed. When the explosion took place Bresmes was in the Tacon theatre with his friends. At the sound of the explosion he cried: 'There goes the Maine.' Champagne was drunk in honor of the terrible event at the moment when others were vaguely inquiring of one another what had happened.

Bresmes' name was mentioned before the American court of inquiry, but not sufficient evidence was then forthcoming to warrant any action and all reference to him was suppressed in the published report.

The Cubans here, almost without exception, regard the charges of El Reconcentrado as beyond dispute. Bresmes is now said to be hiding in Spain.

THE FATE OF AUSTRIA.

Bismarck Thought That Austria Would Soon Cease to Be a Great Power.

Berlin, Jan. 4.—Much comment has been excited here by the publication in a Cologne newspaper of alleged conversations between the late Prince Bismarck and his intimate friend and confidante, Herr Lothar Bucher. In one of these, which fairly teems with piquant Bismarckian expressions, Bismarck deals with the condition of Austria and the probable fate of the Austrian empire. He expressed the opinion that Austria had ceased to be a great power and that her days were numbered, though it was unlikely that he would live to see the collapse. Still he said it might come sooner than people anticipated.

Regarding the alliance he concluded for Germany with Austria he said he never doubted that Germany was giving more than she was receiving, and that the inequality of the bargain would increase as time progressed. The Austrian army was lost when politics entered its ranks and Austria would gradually become disintegrated by the process of decay. Bismarck said he hoped his successors would realize this in time and procure a substitute for the Austrian alliance. Finally he declared that the most foolish thing Austrian statesmen could do would be to dissolve the alliance with Germany.

Will Sell Rights in Newfoundland.

London, Jan. 6.—The Paris correspondent of the Daily News says: "I believe the suggestions that France would accept compensation for French shore rights in Newfoundland are really prompted by the French government. There is a manifest wish here to be done with the vexations and perils of this question. The shore has become useless as a nursery for marines and the fishery is falling off. I am confident that money compensation would be accepted."

Kootenay Lake Frozen.

Nelson, Jan. 8.—The cold weather continues and today the lake is frozen over to within two or three miles of Balfour, or about seventeen miles from Nelson. The steamers plying between Nelson and Kaslo, which reached here about on time yesterday morning, experienced considerable difficulty in breaking their way out last evening. The Kokahee, however, reached Kaslo and returned here this morning, arriving about two hours late, and is the only boat to reach here so far today.

A Train Wrecked.

Jefferson City, Mo., Jan. 4.—The Missouri Passenger train from Omaha and Kansas City for St. Louis, was derailed about one mile west of this city at 3.30 a. m. The engineer and fireman were killed. They jumped as the engine struck a boulder on the track but the machine rolled over on them and into the Missouri river. All the cars with the exception of the rear Pullman left the tracks away from the river and ran into a bluff. Owing to this fact no lives among the ninety passengers aboard were lost.

The new two-cent letter rate, applying to letters for Canada and United States, takes effect on January 1st.

STEAMER LOST.

The Catania Disappears After Heroic Efforts to Save Her.

London, Jan. 5.—The Atlantic transport company's steamer Mesaba, Captain Layland, from New York on December 24, for this port, which passed Prawl Point yesterday and reported that she spoke the United States steamer Catania, Captain Furlong, from Glasgow on December 17, from New York, in distress in latitude 48 and longitude 48w, has arrived here with the loss of the meeting, Captain Layland says he met the Catania on December 29. Her funnel had been washed away and her decks had been swept. She asked to be taken in tow and the Mesaba agreed to do so if possible. A boat from the Mesaba, containing the chief officer and five men, was launched and the chief officer finally succeeded in securing a line from the Catania, but the seas were so high that he was forced to drop it, as its weight was endangering the boat's crew of the Mesaba. As night was falling and the strength of the gale was increasing, further attempts to take the Catania in tow were impossible. The Catania signalled "Don't abandon me" and the Mesaba answered that she would not. Then the Mesaba asked the Catania to abandon their ship, but they refused.

The Mesaba stood by all night, but at daylight the Catania was invisible. After searching for the missing vessel until 9 o'clock in the morning of December 30, the Mesaba proceeded for London, having stood by for twenty-two hours.

1,500 ARABS CAPTURED.

Colonel Lewis' Victory Over the Last Dervish Chief.

London, Jan. 5.—Particulars regarding the recent battle on the Blue Nile have been received in a dispatch from Cairo to the Exchange Telegraph company. Col. Lewis, it appears, when he routed the Emir Fedi, the last remaining of the formidable Dervish chiefs, killed five hundred of his followers and made many prisoners. The Emir, however, succeeded in escaping. Such men are desperate and there is only one way to handle them, and that is in the same way they will deal with the policeman if they have the opportunity.

A Mammoth Combination.

Toronto, Jan. 5.—One of the biggest financial transactions ever put through in Canada was accomplished today by the completion of arrangements for the amalgamation of four of the leading loan companies of the city, namely, the Western Canada, Canada Permanent, London and Canadian and Freehold Loan. The combined paid up capital of these companies is six million dollars and the bonded capital \$19,000,000, and the capital of the new company will be approximately the same. It has been no secret for some time that the loan companies have not been doing the thriving business of years ago, owing largely to the approximation of the rate of borrowing in England to the rate of loans in Canada and the amalgamation is with a view to effecting economy in management.

Walter S. Lee, now manager of the Western Canada, will be general manager of the new concern and the provisional board of directors consists of Geo. H. Gooderham, president; J. Herbert Mason, vice-president; W. H. Beatty, second vice, and Walter S. Lee, manager. No appointments are yet made to the staff. Several meetings have been held during the last week or two looking to this combination, the meeting place having been Gooderham and Worts' offices. T. G. Blackstock was secretary of today's meeting.

A NEW GRAIN ROUTE.

Georgian Bay to Toronto—Announcement of the Scheme to Be Made Shortly.

Ottawa, Jan. 5.—Mr. Wainwright of the Grand Trunk had a conference with Mr. Tarte today on the subject of the proposed new grain route from Georgian Bay to Lake Ontario via Collingwood and Toronto. No definite proposals were submitted, but an announcement of the scheme may be expected shortly. It will be necessary to build an air line between the two points and to deepen the harbors at Collingwood and Toronto. The new route will get a great deal of the western grain that now goes to Buffalo and is shipped from United States seaports. The trade will be diverted to Montreal in the summer and to St. John and Halifax in the winter. The matter has been the subject of correspondence and negotiation between Mr. Tarte and General Manager Hays.

Shot at Dauphin.

Dauphin, Man., Jan. 3.—Wm. Hubbell, of Havelock, Ont., was shot and instantly killed by a young man named Harry Cole, of Ottawa, about 8 o'clock Sunday night, January 1st. The men were engaged in getting out logs in Wm. Sifton's camp, near Garland station.

It appeared that Cole, together with Hubbell, and several other men were in the camp when Cole took down the gun which was hanging on the wall and pointed it at Hubbell, it is supposed in fun. The gun, which was loaded with shot, was discharged in some manner not yet known, the whole charge entering Hubbell's body and passing through the heart, killing him instantly. Hubbell at the time was standing about ten feet from the muzzle of the gun.

Dr. Dunne, of Dauphin, held an inquest on the body last night. Cole is now in custody here awaiting the arrival of Constable Cox from Fortage la Prairie.

Hubbell is about thirty years of age and has a wife at Havelock. Cole is only nineteen years of age and unmarried.

The Toronto and James Bay railway commissioners recommend a route via Lake Temagami and Blanche River.

LOOKS SERIOUS.

COL. POTTER ARRIVES AT MANILA WITH NEWS FROM ILOILO.

The Streets Barricaded—Banks Shipping Their Money—U. S. Consul's Family Removed.

Manila, Jan. 8.—Colonel Potter, the special emissary to General Otis between Manila and Iloilo, arrived this afternoon with dispatches from the latter point. The situation, when he left, was practically unchanged. The streets were barricaded and it was reported that the principal buildings had been "kerosened," the insurgents having threatened to destroy the whole business section by fire at the first shot of bombardment. The banks were shipping their treasure to the United States transport Newport and other vessels. The family of the United States vice consul had gone on board the Newport.

Washington, Jan. 8.—The war department received another dispatch today from Major General Otis commanding the United States troops in the Philippines. So far as the officials are willing to admit the dispatch shows no material change in the condition existing at the time of the previous one.

TO SHOOT TO KILL.

Chicago Police Ordered to Use Extreme Measures With Burglars.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Chief Joseph Kipley has instructed the Chicago police to "shoot to kill," when it becomes necessary in dealing with highway men and notorious thugs. "I want to say to every police officer in the city of Chicago," said Chief Kipley, "that when they have positive proof that a robbery or any outrage has been committed and they are pursuing the men and these desperadoes turn about when ordered to halt, and resist or display arms, the officers must shoot, and shoot to kill. Such men are desperate and there is only one way to handle them, and that is in the same way they will deal with the policeman if they have the opportunity."

This determination to clear Chicago of highwaymen, burglars and footpads at any cost, is the direct result of the killing of Policeman Edward J. Walker by six highwaymen, who had held up the dry goods establishment of H. C. T. Borman, at Twenty-first and Lincoln streets last night, and the serious wounding of Policeman John McCauley.

IS DREYFUS GUILTY?

Le Soir Says the Judges Are Convinced of His Guilt.

Paris, Jan. 8.—Le Soir says it learns from an indisputable source that the court of cassation is convinced that Dreyfus was justly condemned.

M. Mesmay de Beaupreire, president of a section of the court of cassation, has resigned his position in consequence of a disagreement regarding the Dreyfus inquiry.

Paris, Jan. 8.—The formation of a new organization, known as the Union National league, is announced. It is said that the organization is composed of leading politicians and members of the French Institute whose aim is to reconcile the various factions in support of the decision of the court of cassation in the matter of the revision of the Dreyfus case.

Paris, Jan. 9.—According to Le Matin this morning, Madame Dreyfus has received a cablegram from her husband, saying that his health is perfect.

London, Jan. 9.—The Daily Telegraph publishes this morning a dispatch from Cayenne, capital of French Guiana, confirming the report forwarded last Friday, that Dreyfus had a serious attack of dysentery, and that a physician was summoned from Cayenne to Devil's Island to attend him.

M. Beaupreire resolutely declines to assign a motive for his resignation. It remains a mystery, but it is believed he is angry at the government's treatment of the affair.

Landslide at Spence's Bridge.

Vancouver, Jan. 8.—News has just reached here that on Monday night a landslide of considerable proportions took place immediately below Spence's bridge. A mass of earth shot into the Fraser river, forming a huge dam, and throwing such of the stream as managed to escape its confines into the old channel. The river was backed up for several miles and the Nicola river was also affected, being raised to high water mark. At Spence's bridge the water reached the level of the ferry cable and grave fears were entertained of its being carried away. The slide occurred on the north bank of the river at a point where a similar event took place a number of years ago. The river is not so completely blocked as was the case in the famous Ashcroft slide.

Death of Mrs. Watkins at Galt.

Galt, Jan. 8.—Another of the oldest and most historic personages of Galt passed away on Saturday in the person of Philippa Wilkins, widow of the late Philip Oates. Deceased was born in Cornwall, England, in 1817, and emigrated to Canada in 1849, shortly afterwards settling in Galt, where she has lived for almost half a century. Just as her heart was giving its last throbs, a vision of her husband who was killed in a mine explosion in Cornwall, came before her and suddenly arousing herself, while a smile illuminated her countenance she cried, "Philip! Philip, I'm coming," and fell asleep.

Madrid, Jan. 8.—The Spanish warship Conde de Venadito, with the reputed remains of Christopher Columbus on board, has arrived at the Azores Islands from Havana and is expected to reach Cadiz on January 11.

Rioting in Italy.

Rome, Jan. 6.—Dispatches from Messina, Sicily, say that rioting has been renewed there because of the attempts at over-taxation. A mob of several thousand people surrounded the municipal offices and smashed the windows, shouting "down with the municipality." The riot started at 10 o'clock and taxes are collected here by a chief with kerensene and burned. The troops have not been able to control the mob. Two soldiers have been wounded. The Italian government has called for reinforcements for the garrison.

Discontent in Turkey.

Vienna Jan. 6.—Representatives of the discontented people of Macedonia will hold a meeting shortly at Geneva to prepare a manifesto to the powers setting forth Macedonia's grievances against Turkey. The Porte, fearful of unrest in its busy engaged in fortifying Adrianople. Following the example of the Turks in Crete, the Turkish Albanians have begun secession and are causing the government much trouble. There is growing discontent and unrest throughout Turkey and the Sultan's popularity which he achieved in the Greek war, is rapidly fading. The prime cause is generally lack of money and empty stomach. There is almost an absence of rent and differences because Christians and Muslims are grumbling together.

NORWAY AND SWEDEN.

On the Verge of Hostilities—The Situation Critical.

Christiania, Jan. 6.—Norway and Sweden continue in a state of tension that makes a war between the two countries not unlikely. The matter was aggravated the first of the year when Norway flew her flag with the emblem which signifies her union with Sweden. The Norwegians think that for independence and it is stated the Radicals have already taken steps to secure this by secretly alienating the Norwegians in the J. Int. army in Sweden. Both sides continue to threaten in their denials. Norway's chief grievance is a clause in the constitution which makes a minister of war alone responsible to the Swedish rikstag, the real director of the foreign affairs of both countries. The Swedish grievance is that Norway while taking advantage of anti-national laws, contributes few more men to the Scandinavian army than she did in 1814, about 25,000, while Sweden gives 100,000. All directors regard as a compromise that the Norwegian minister be given equal voice in foreign matters with the Swedish minister and that Norway increase her quota to the army.

New York, Jan. 6.—August Reymert, special agent of the Krupp-Jorgensen Arms company, arrived here yesterday on the White Star line of steamers. He said it is said that he had been in Norway and that he had filed with the government of Norway bids for the manufacture of four 21 centimeter breech loading rifles. Mr. Reymert said that the trouble between Norway and Sweden was as far as ever from being settled.

A Sensation Spoiled.

New York, Jan. 6.—Something of a sensation has been created in Washington by a published story to the effect that General Joseph Wheeler had proposed to Miss Helen Gould and had been rejected. General Wheeler greatly admires Miss Gould, but he never contemplated marriage, his friends say. Miss Gould, however, denied the story in these words: "The story is absolutely untrue. I positively deny it."

THE MARKETS.

New York, Jan. 9.—Wheat receipts 277,500; exports, 28,055 bushels. Chicago, Jan. 9.—Wheat, May 70 1/2, July 65 1/2. Corn—Jan. 35 1/2, May 37 1/2, July 37 1/2. Oats—Jan. 25, May 27 1/2, July 27 1/2. Ribs—Jan. \$1.02, May \$1.05. Pork—Jan. \$10.22, May \$10.57, July \$8.95. Lard—Jan. \$5.60, May \$5.85.

WINNIPEG MARKETS.

Wheat—No. 1 hard, Fort William, 65c. Flour—Patent, \$1.95; strong bakers, \$1.75; second bakers, \$1.55; XXXX, per sack of 48 lbs. \$1.05. Discount of 5c per sack net. Oatmeal—Car lots of rolled about \$1.50 for 40 lb. sacks. Oats—25c per bushel. Barley—Feed, 21c to 25c per bushel of 48 lbs.; malting, 30c. Wheat—Good milling, 55c. Chicken feed, 25 to 35c per bushel of 60 lbs. Flaxseed—65c per bushel. Corn—Car lots on track here, 41 to 42c per bushel of 55 lbs. Millfeed—Bran, \$1.00, and shorts \$1.20 per ton in bulk; large lots, 50c per ton less. Ground Feed—Good old chop, \$1.70 to \$1.90 per ton; mixed barley and oats, \$1.50 to \$1.75; and wheat mixtures, \$1.50 to \$1.75. Oil cake, \$2.30 per ton. Butter—Creamery, 22 to 23c; dairy, 13 to 14c. Cheese—Large, 9c; small, 10c. Eggs—Manitoba fresh or good Ontario (fresh 2c; limed, 1c to 1 1/2c; fresh, 25c. Dressed Meats—Beef, 5 to 6c; mutton, 7c to 8c; lamb's, 8c to 9c; pork, 5 1/2 to 6c; veal, 5 1/2 to 7c. Poultry—Spring chickens 8c to 9c per lb, hens 3c turkeys 10c to 12c, ducks 8c to 10c; geese 10c. Game—Rabbits, 8 1/2c each, or three for 25c; pigeons, 2c per pair, wild ducks, 25c per pair. Vegetables—Potatoes, 40c per bushel; turnips, 15 to 20c per bushel; parsnips, 1 1/2c per lb; carrots, 40c; beets, 40c per bushel; celery, 40c per dozen; cabbage, 1 to 1 1/2c per pound; onions, \$1.00 per bushel; Spanish onions \$2 per crate; pumpkins, 1 1/2 to 2c per pound. Hides—No. 1, 64; No. 2, 5 1/2c; kip, 6c to 7c; calf, 8c; sheepskins and lambskins, 40 to 50c; horse hides, 75c to \$1.50 each; colts, 25c to 50c each. Tallow—Nominal at 8c to 9c per lb. Wool—No. 1, 3 1/2c; No. 2, 2 1/2c to 3c. Scales—Root—21c per pound. Hay—Baled, 88 to 89.50 on track here. Cattle—Butchers' cattle nominal at 3c. Stockers, 2 to 2 1/2c. Sheep—8 1/2c for good to prime animals. Hogs—4 1/2 to 5c off ear here. Milch Cows—\$25 to \$40. Horses—A good carriage horse worth from \$125 up, and work horses from \$175 a team up.

JOHN ARTHUR'S WARD, OR THE DETECTIVE'S DAUGHTER

By the author of "A Woman's Crime," "The Missing Diamond," etc.

"That is what the villagers know. What they do not know is that Mr. D— and the doctor have already fitted up two rooms in the most secluded part of the closed-up wing, and that the 'insane' man will be removed to those rooms to-night."

"One fact concerning Dr. Deceur, your expert has failed to discover, is that at some time the man has made a study of medicine. This is only a theory of mine, not a discovery; but when I tell you what he did, I think that you both will agree with me. A few days ago the doctor walked down to the village one morning, and coolly presented himself at the door of Doctor G—'s office."

"Doctor G— is the least popular and least skilful of the three physicians here, but of course the city man was not supposed to know that. He, the city doctor, informed Doctor G— that although his employer had not desired it, as he had perfect confidence in the present treatment of Mr. A—, still it was always his practice to consult with another physician."

"So he desired Doctor G— to accompany him to G— and see his patient; not that he had any doubts about the disease, but because, in case of a serious termination, it was always a consolation to the friends to know that every precaution had been taken. Doctor G— came, to find the patient in a bedrugged stupor. He endorsed everything Dr. Deceur chose to say, and went away feeling much puffed-up because of having been called in to consult with a New York physician."

"You see they are moving very carefully, and do not intend to have any doubts raised."

"Miss A— of course remains in the village, and receives reports daily concerning her brother, and her Knight is still at her elbow."

"Henry has been here for a week, and does not dream of his identity."

"Careful and mysterious between us, have managed to get possession of a specimen of every drug that has been administered to Mr. A—, also of the harmless nostrums that are dealt out to madams for appearance's sake."

"There is but one thing more that I must accomplish and that must be done to-night, if possible. If I succeed in this, two days more will see me on route for the city. If I fail—then I must remain here, if I can, and try again. In any case, I must make my new move within the week. So look out for the chrysalis; it remains for you to develop it into the butterfly."

"This letter chanced to arrive during one of Doctor Vaughan's afternoon visits, and Oliver read it aloud to him, saying at the end, and almost without taking breath—

"Something she must accomplish first. If she has secured the medicines, and they are safe not to run away in her absence then what is it she means?"

"Clarence shook his head, saying: 'I have no idea. She speaks as if the thing, whatever it is, was attended with some risk.'"

"And this explains Henry's absence," Oliver said, tapping the letter in her lap. "No doubt he was summoned without any previous warning. Of course, he is a mere tool for his master. They will hardly dare let him see their game."

"Hardly; but if they were not using him to Madame's satisfaction, she would have revealed herself to him."

"True."

"We are approaching a crisis now. If this new movement fails—but I hardly think it will."

"Oliver looked up in alarm. 'Oh, don't suggest failure!' she exclaimed. 'She must succeed. What will become of poor Philip if she does not?'"

"Clarence lifted his face reverently. 'I believe that the Power above us, who permits evil to be because only from pain and sorrow comes purification, has not permitted the life of this beautiful young girl to be darkened in vain. Out of her wrongs, and her sorrows, and her humiliation, He will allow her own hands to shape not only a strong, true, earnest womanhood for herself, but the weapons which shall deliver the innocent and bring the guilty to justice.'"

"And Oliver felt comforted, and her hope took new wings."

CHAPTER XXX.

MR. PERCY SHAKES HIMSELF.

It was noontide at Oakley, and a December sun was shining coldly in at the window of Mrs. Corn Arthur's dressing room. Within that cozy room, however, all was warmth and brightness. A cheerful fire was blazing and crackling in the grate. Sitting before the fire, wrapped in a becoming dressing-gown of white cashmere, was Corn Arthur, looking a trifle annoyed, but remarkably well. Wistfully, and with a certain air of being very ill, he had been leaning near her, his feet lazily outstretched toward the fire, was Lucian Davlin.

"What did you write to Percy?" he inquired, consulting his watch.

"Just what you told me; that I had something of importance to communicate, and desired him to call to-day at two," replied Corn.

"But—aren't you looking a little too well for a lady who has been so desperately ill? It won't do to arouse his suspicions, you know."

"Corn crossed to her dressing-case, went carefully over her face with a puff ball, and did some very artistic tracing in India ink under each eye. Then she turned toward him triumphantly. "There!" she exclaimed, "now I shall draw the curtains," sulking the action to the word, "and then, when I lie on this couch, my face will be entirely in the shadow, while from the further window there will come enough light to enable him to recognize you."

At this moment a tap was heard at the door. Corn threw herself upon the invalid's couch, and lay back among the pillows. When she had settled herself to her satisfaction, Mr. Davlin opened the door, admitting Corn's sister, Celine.

"Monsieur Percy is below, madame," said the girl, glancing sharply at the form in the darkened corner.

"Come and draw these coverings over me, Celine, and then go and bring him

up!" replied Corn.

Then she glanced at Lucian, who said, carelessly: "Well, my dear, I will go down to the library."

Celine adjusted the wraps and pillows and then went out, closely followed by Lucian. She was not aware that Mr. Percy was expected, the message having been sent by Henry. And she was not a little anxious to know the nature of the interview that was about to be held.

Mr. Percy, conducted to Corn's door by Celine, entered the room with his usual easy grace, and approached the reclining figure in the darkened corner, saying, in a tone of hypocritical solicitude: "Madame, I trust you are not overtaxing your strength in thus kindly granting me an interview."

He knew so well how to assume the manner best calculated to throw her off her guard and into a rage.

But Corn, understanding his tactics, and her own failing, was prepared for him. In tones smooth as his own she answered: "You are very good, and I find my strength returning quite rapidly. In fact," and here a double meaning was apparent, as she intended it should be, "I think I shall soon be stronger than before my illness."

There was silence for a moment. Evidently Mr. Percy was not inclined to help her to put into words whatever she had in her mind.

"I want for you," she continued, "because I have something to say before you meet with a person who, as you are likely to remain one of this pleasant family, you must of necessity, and for policy's sake, meet with the outward forms of politeness." Here she paused as if from exhaustion, and he, lifting his fine eyebrows slightly, kept silence still. Corn, beginning to find her part irksome, hurried to his conclusion. "You have heard, no doubt, of the presence of my brother in this house. I sent for you that you might meet him, and I desired my maid to show you this room first, that I might venture a word of warning and advice. My brother is not the stranger that you secretly imagine him. Beyond the fact that you and I were once married, that I of my own will forsook you, and the reason, or part of the reason for so doing, he knows little of our affairs. For my sake he will make no use of that knowledge. But I think it best that you understand each other. Will you please ring that bell?"

He obeyed her, looking much mystified and somewhat apprehensive. "Celine appeared promptly, and disappeared again in answer to Corn's command."

"Now my brother here, Celine."

When the door opened, he turned slowly and met the cool gaze of—Lucian Davlin!

That personage approached the invalid, saying: "You sent for me to introduce me to this gentleman, I suppose, Corn."

Percy arose slowly, and the two confronted each other, while Corn nodded her head, as if unable to answer his words.

As Percy advanced the light from the one window that had been left unshrouded fell full upon the two men, who gazed upon each other with the utmost sang froid. Two handsomer scoundrels never stood at bay. And while the dark faces expressed haughty insolence, the blonde features looked as if, after all, this occasion called for nothing more fatiguing than a stare of indolent surprise.

Corn's voice broke the silence: "Mr. Davlin is my brother, Mr. Percy. Please stop staring at each other, gentlemen, and come to some sort of an understanding."

"Really, this is a most agreeable surprise," drawled Percy, looking from one to the other with perfect composure.

"And quite dramatic in effect," sneered Davlin, glancing himself into a chair. "Sit down, Percy; one may as well be comfortable. How's the fair spinster to-day?"

Percy waved away the question, and resumed his seat and his languid attitude, saying: "Upon my word this is quite dramatic."

Davlin laughed, airily. "Even so. I hope the fact that this lady is my sister will explain some things to you more satisfactory than they have hitherto been explained. And if so, we had better let bygones be bygones."

Percy turned his eyes away from the speaker, and let them rest upon the face of Corn. Again ignoring the remark addressed to him, he said, slowly: "I don't see any very strong family resemblance."

"I don't suppose you ever will," retorted Davlin, coolly.

"And I don't precisely see the object of this interview," Percy continued.

Davlin made a gesture of impatience, and said, sharply: "Hang it all, man, the object is soon got at! It's a simple question and answer."

Percy brushed an imaginary particle of dust off his sleeve with the greatest care, and then lifted his eyes and said, interrogatively: "Well?"

"Will you have war or peace?"

"Upon what?"

"The terms."

"Well?"

"Well?"

"What do you want?"

Percy examined his finger nail, at last, as if looking for his next line of attack. "To be at peace," he said, at last.

Davlin laughed. "And to be at peace?"

"Of course."

"Then we won't waste words. Rely upon us to help, rather than hinder you. There's no use bringing up old scores. If you vote for an alliance of forces, very good."

Percy nodded, and then rising, said: "Well, if that is all, I will take my leave. No doubt quiet is best for Mrs. Arthur," bowing ironically. "By the by," meaningly, "when you find yourself in the village, Davlin, it might not be amiss to show yourself at the inn."

"Quite right," said Davlin, gravely. "Possibly I may look in upon you to-morrow."

Mr. Percy nodded; made a graceful gesture of adieu to Corn, who murmured inaudibly in reply; and the two men quitted her presence. In a few moments Davlin returned to Corn, smiling and serene. "I told you we could easily manage him," he said. "He won't trouble himself to go to war, save in his own defense. You did the invalid beautifully, Corn, and I feel quite satisfied with the present state of things."

But Mr. Percy had not looked and listened for nothing. He went straight to his room, and shutting himself in, began thinking diligently. Finally he summed up his case on his fingers as follows: "First, are they brother and sister?" "Second, do they believe it?" "Third, taking it for granted they are not, what is their game?" "If the old man dies, and if I can ferret out the mystery, for I believe there is one, who knows but that two fortunes may come

into my hands? I must watch them and do that. Ellen must go back to Oakley, and they must invite me to be their guest!"

Mr. Percy arose and shook himself, mentally and physically.

But alas for Celine! She had heard almost every word of the interview, through the keyhole of a door leading into an adjoining room, and it had told her nothing save that there was to be peace between the two men, and that there had been, perhaps, war.

(To be Continued.)

SONG OF THE BATTLESHIP STOKERS.

Heave on the coal to win the goal
Of a blasting ocean war!
By pits of hell stand sentinel
As the deadly cannon roar.
The engines beat in blanching heat.
Our battleship plows her course.
Up there they fight in cool daylight,
While we feed the monster's force.

Over the sea our battery
Will lay waste the upper world.
And far from fame we feed the flame
As the bursting bombs are hurled.
We cannot know the ebb and flow
Of the battle's rushing tide.
But hear the boom of unknown doom
Where the thundering warships ride.

Each moment passed may be our last.
For the crashing bombshells fly.
And fires of fate reverberate
In the wide, smoke-laden sky.
In lurid night we feed the fight,
As the belching cannon roar.
Heave on the coal to win the goal
Of our country's ocean war!

—Harper's Weekly.

SYMPATHETIC KIPLING.

How He Cheered the Spirits of a Sick Elephant.

A writer in the San Francisco Argonaut tells the following anecdote as coming from the lips of an American traveler who spent some time in the company of Rudyard Kipling in London.

One afternoon we went together to the zoo, and while strolling about our ears were assailed by the most melancholy sound I have ever heard, a complaining, fretting, lamenting sound proceeding from the elephant house.

"What's the matter in there?" asked Mr. Kipling of the keeper.

"A sick elephant, sir. He cries all the time. We don't know what to do with him."

Mr. Kipling hurried away from me in the direction of the lament, which was growing louder and more painful. I followed and saw him go up close to the cage, where stood an elephant with sadly drooped ears and trunk. He was crying actual tears at the same time that he mourned his lot most audibly. In another moment Mr. Kipling was right up to the bars, and I heard him speak to the sick beast in a language that may have been elephantine, but certainly was not English. Instantly the whining stopped, the ears were lifted, the monster turned his sleepy little suffering eyes upon his visitor and put out his trunk. Mr. Kipling began to caress it, still speaking in the same soothing tone and in words unintelligible to me at least. After a few minutes the beast began to answer in a low, muffled tone of voice and evidently recounted his woes. Possibly elephants when "enjoying poor health," like to confide their symptoms to sympathizing listeners as much as do some human invalids. Certain it was that Mr. Kipling and that elephant carried on a conversation, with the result that the elephant found his spirits much cheered and improved. The whine went out of his voice he forgot that he was much to be pitied, he began to exchange experiences with his friend and he was quite unconcerned, as was Mr. Kipling, of the amused and interested crowd collecting about the cage. At last, with a start, Mr. Kipling found himself and his elephant the observed of all on servers and beat a hasty retreat, leaving behind him a very different creature from the one he had found.

"Doesn't that beat anything you ever saw?" ejaculated a compatriot of mine, as the elephant trumpeted a loud and cheerful goodby to the back of his vanishing visitor, and I agreed with him that it did.

"What language were you talking to that elephant?" I asked when I overtook my friend.

"Language? What do you mean?" he answered with a laugh.

"Are you a mongrel?" I persisted, "and can you talk to all those beasts in their own tongues?" but he only smiled in reply.

How It Troubled Him.

A traveler down south had heard a great deal about a certain "oldest inhabitant," Lem Pickering by name, who dwelt (so his information ran) in a small Georgia town. Reaching that town one November afternoon he forthwith instituted inquiries concerning the local celebrity.

An old negro was basking in the sun just in front of what, for lack of a more specific synonym, was called "the hotel." Going up to him, the stranger asked: "Do you know Lem Pickering?"

"Golly, yass," was the reply. "I've known Lem since forty years, sah."

"I presume his old age gives him quite a deal of trouble?"

"Specs it does, sah."

"Keeps him indoors all of the time—eh?"

"Not exactly, sah, not exactly. But it do gibe him lots of trouble without keepin him indoors, sah."

"You don't tell me! How?"

"Fac's is, sah, it keeps him in de grave yard."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Sandy's Criticisms.

A young Scotchman went to a London school of music, where he learned to play the violoncello fairly well.

On his return to his native village he gathered his friends together to hear his new instrument.

When he had played one or two tunes, he looked up expectantly.

After a slight pause his old grandfather spoke.

"En, mann!" he said, "it's a maircy there's na smell wi' it!"—Liverpool Mercury.

She Said No.

Mrs. Mannerly (to her daughter, who has just returned from tea with friends): "I hope you said 'No, thank you,' often than you did 'Yes, thank you.'"

Mabel:—Yes, I did. I hadn't been eating more'n half an hour before they began saying, 'Don't you think you've eaten enough?' 'Aren't you afraid you'll make yourself ill?' And I said, 'No, thank you,' every time.—London Fun.

HOT CAKES.

The Mysteries of Making and Baking Buckwheats.

A pancake and a griddle cake are two distinctively different varieties of hot bread. The pancake proper is a very thin cake baked on a pan or sheet iron spider. This cake belongs properly to the European cuisine and is considered more of a dessert than a breakfast dish. The griddle cake is a somewhat thicker cake and one entirely unknown in European cookery. The only cake approaching our griddle cake in use on the other side of the ocean is the Scotch scone, remarks the New York Tribune in preface to an entertaining disquisition on the triumphs of the griddle, in which occur these items:

Properly speaking, the griddle cake is made of buckwheat, but in addition to these cakes we now have the griddle cake of Indian meal, a direct evolution of the old hoe cake or ash cake of the south, and the Philadelphia flannel cake made with wheat flour. Recently griddle cakes have been made of graham whole wheat and of various other flours, but such cakes are not often successful. The rice and the hominy griddle cake of the south, on the contrary, are most excellent, and so are the bread cakes of New England. The qualities of graham and of most brown flours are such that they require abundance of time in baking, and a griddle cake made from the hard and crasy on the outside before it is done through.

The soapstone griddle cake is one in which all tenderness and wholesomeness have been sacrificed to the trifling annoyance of the smoking fat or frying. Cakes baked on a soapstone require the use of molasses or some other material to make them brown, and thus gives them a coarse, rank flavor.

For buckwheat cakes buy the best brand of pure buckwheat. Purchase in quantity from the mill if you can, before it has passed through any screens, hands, where it may be adulterated with inferior flour.

To four cups of pure buckwheat flour add one small cup of yellow Indian meal, and a tablespoonful of salt. Mix one cup of cold milk with three cups of hot water, making the mixture lukewarm. Add the liquid slowly to the dry ingredients so as to prevent lumps. When the batter is all mixed smoothly, add a pinch of yeast cake and beat it as vigorously as possible for at least six minutes. The cakes should be set in an earthen line wheat pail with a tin cover and a spiced with tin. Put them to rise about 7 o'clock in the evening. On a large blanket or a wadded cozy, kept for a purpose, and let them stand behind a stove or in some warm place.

Just before taking them mix an even teaspoonful of soda in a cup of warm milk and beat this into the batter. The cakes should foam up in great bubbles after adding the soda. Have a little beater tried out and a "swab" with which to grease the griddle. Be careful to make the cakes perfect circles; it makes a great deal of difference in their appearance on the table. A round griddle is the best shape. It should be polished iron, so that it is easily cleaned. Do not use a particle of molasses in buckwheat cakes. It is a frequent device of economical women who wish to secure brown cakes and are unwilling to mix them with milk. Cakes made with water alone are as tender as when some milk is used.

Footstools for Christmas.

A very inexpensive Christmas gift for a man is a footstool, which can be made to do double duty, serving as a slipper case as well. Procure a small wooden box, with cover, which should be fastened on by small hinges. Fasten casters to the bottom so that it can be moved easily. Cover it neatly, padding the top with pieces of an old quilt. The outer cover should be of art denim linen, or some other serviceable material. Outline on top the following lines:

Close the curtains, stir the fire,
Draw your chair a little higher,
Get your slippers, but if you'd be
In perfect comfort then get me.

Line the inside of the box neatly with felt or satin so that it makes a good receptacle for slippers.

Cardcase for Christmas.

A cardcase makes a pretty Christmas gift. The pattern given is embroidered with gold bullion work on white kid. The design represents four leaved clo

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

GOODS TO THE SEASON.

IT'S not enough that this store should give you goods at a price that makes it a money object for you to buy here. We do that, or else you would not, in such large numbers, take the trouble to mail us your orders this long distance. We make it a feature of this store news that it shall tell of goods you want at the time—goods in season—timely goods. That's the spirit of the lists that follow—prices right—goods timely.

PRINT SECTION.

200 DRESS LENGTHS Finest Qualities. Percales and Nan Back Wrappervettes. Latest styles and choice colorings. Our regular price 12 1/2 per yard, put up neatly with bands, each length contains 10 yards. Special for . . . 1.00

LADIES' WOOL UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' Fine Ribbed Natural All-Wool Vests, shaped waists, high neck, long sleeves, open fronts, silk lace in . . . 1.50

Ladies' Plain Freshpinked . . . 1.00

Wool Vests, buttoned across shoulder or all well lined and finished, special50

CHILDREN'S HOSE.

Boys' Extra Heavy 2 1/2 Ribb Wool Hose, with special heel and toe, made of a fine soft pure wool yarn, size 6 to 10 in special value at . . . 1.00

Children's 8-Fold Knee Ribbed Cashmere Hose, with double sole, heel and toe, made very elastic and heavy, of good pure material, suitable for boys or girls. Special, per pair50

Children's Fancy Silk Embroidered Cashmere Hose, full fashioned, double heel and toe, embroidered in small neat design, size 6 to 8 1/2, price, per pair, according to size, 50c to55

Boys' Extra Heavy 2 1/2 Ribb English Worsted Hose, made of best 4 ply yarn, full fashioned, just the thing for winter wear, a hose that would be good value at 65c, our special price, per pair50

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Men's Fine Blue and Black Imported English Beaver Overcoats, in single or double breasted style, lined with fine fur, satin and plush sleeves, buttoned with deep velvet collar and silk stitched edges, regular \$7 sizes 34 to 44, Saturday2.00

Men's Heavy All-Wool Frieze Ulsters, in black, brown and gray, lined with heavy wool tweed lining, made heavy lapped seams, double stitched half belt on back, large storm collar, with tab for throat, sizes 36 to 44, a warm, a dressy coat for8.50

Men's Extra Heavy Wool Frieze Ulster, in blue, black and gray, lined with heavy wool tweed lining, made with cap collar, lined with deep French facings, extending under the arm and over the shoulder, deep storm collar, with tab for throat, sizes 36 to 44, regular \$10.50, special8.50

Boys' Red River Overcoats, in blue and black, Mackinac cloth, made with cap collar lined with red flannel, seams piped and trimmed, some with blue and some with red, sizes 2 to 7 years3.75

TABLE LINENS.

2 x 2 1/2 yards Tablecloth, with border all around, guaranteed superior quality, and grass bleach, double damask and satin30

Address your orders exactly as below.

The Robert SIMPSON Co. Limited

SECTION 52. TORONTO.

BETTER THAN MEDICINE.

An Experience That Served One Woman to Cheat Death.

The experience of those who have entered in hospitals is happily not with the tragedy of human suffering alone. There are times when they get glimpses of the comedy of life and when laughter holding both his sides takes the place of gloom and sorrow. A woman had been brought to the hospital in a very weak state. We could do nothing for her. She seemed to have lost all hold on life and gradually got worse and worse. The husband, who had often been to see her, and who was kindness itself to her, was sent for to take the last sad leave.

He came, this time accompanied. His companion was a buxom young woman of the Moll and Polly type, who seemed to delight in parading the fact that she intended to succeed the dying woman in the use of her kind but too easily comforted lord. I was in a fever of anxiety lest the shock should hasten my patient's end. But I didn't know the power of rebound in human nature, especially obstinate feminine human nature. "Well, old woman," the man began, slouching up to the bed with an apologetic air which he had never worn before, "you're got to go this time. The young woman (pointing to me) says there ain't no hope. You have been a good wife to me, and I shan't forget you."

But he didn't get any further in his declarations of undying approval. The woman, who a minute ago had lain weak and listless, was alive—and very much alive too. Her eyes gleamed as she made an effort to get a good look at the other visitor, who was standing unabashed by the widower's presumptive. I had to get the husband and his new found love out of the ward as quickly as possible.

"I ain't dead yet, nurse," my patient gasped out as I came back.

What all the doctors, tones, wine and beef tea could not do the sight of an ex-lord and his possible successor had done and "soon a wonder came to light," for the woman did not die. She mended from that day. We all took an interest in her. She had got a new reason for living, and I honestly admit we helped in her great effort with all the nourishment we could make her take. Before very long she went home, strong and well enough, I hope, to rout the enemy and reassert her rule.—London Telegraph.

FEARLESS BISMARCK.

The Iron Chancellor Was a Man of Undaunted Courage.

Motley pays Bismarck the tribute among others, in a letter to Lady William Russell of possessing the most undaunted courage. When the Prussians entered Paris, Bismarck saw that when the men in the mob recognized him they scowled at him furiously. He at once rose up to the wicked-looking one, asked him civilly for a light for his cigar, thanked him and received a polite bow in return.

When the late John Morrissey saw a "bad man," a gambler who had threatened to shoot him on sight, standing at the bar of the Grand Union in Saratoga, he walked up to the bar quite close to him, poured out a tumbler of ice water, drank it and walked out without once looking at the man. "In a case of that

THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.

Grayson Block, Main Street.
Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION, \$1.50 per year.

Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 50c.; subsequent insertions 25c. each. All transient advertisements, such as By-laws, Mortgage and Sheriff Sales, Assignments and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 12c. per line; subsequent insertions 5c.—solid nonpareil measurement.

JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is writ, is writ—
Would it were worthier!" —Byron.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1899.

THE GORDON MEMORIAL COLLEGE AT KHARTOUM.

Government House, Jan. 3, 1899.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

Sir,—General Lord Kitchener has proposed that "at Khartoum there should be founded and maintained with British money, a college bearing the name of 'The Gordon Memorial College,' to be a pledge that the memory of Gordon is still alive among us, and that his aspirations are at last to be realized."

The college is intended to inaugurate the education of the three million inhabitants of the Sudan. It will be under the direction of the Governor-General of the Sudan and the principal teachers will be British. There will be no interference with the religion of the inhabitants.

Lord Kitchener has telegraphed to His Excellency the Governor-General expressing the hope that the Canadian public will support his proposal; and, I therefore, pursuant to a desire of His Excellency, make the project known in the North-West Territories, feeling confident that the people will gladly welcome an opportunity of assisting what should be the work of the whole of the Empire and not of a part only.

An account has been opened in the name of Major Drummond, the Governor-General's secretary, at all the branches of the Bank of Montreal, to which account all subscriptions may be paid; but as this means is available in but few central places in the Territories, it is suggested that all subscriptions and lists of subscriptions be sent to me for transmission to the central accounts. I would also request that Mayors, Reeves and Overseers do what they can in their respective localities to further the object in view, and in places where there is not either of those officials, then, the Senior Justice of the Peace might act in a similar capacity. The amount of subscription, it may be added, will be voluntary down to a minimum of twenty-five cents.

In the hope that a prompt and gracious response will be given to this appeal and that a large number of our people will be pleased to co-operate in the promotion of so laudable an object,

I remain,

Yours sincerely,
A. E. FORGET,
Lieut.-Governor, N.W.T.

THEY MAKE GOOD SETTLERS.

Mr. Thos. Meredith, one of Yorkton's merchants, says of the Galicians settled in that neighborhood:—"I consider that these people make good settlers. They are industrious and frugal; if they make a dollar, they only spend fifty cents, and in our experience are honest and always pay their debts. I do not know what the railway companies would have done this year without their assistance and I can say the same with respect to the work done for the farmers. There was a settlement of Germans started a few years ago near our town and as they had little money, some people made an outcry against them. But what do we find to-day? The very ones that denounced them at the time are now their warmest friends. As these Germans have proved themselves workers and debt payers, so have the Galicians. Besides the latter settled on land that would not have been taken up for many years by the ordinary immigrant, which is a great advantage to our district."

Timothy Eaton & Co. gave a banquet to their 2,500 employees during the Christmas holidays. It was the largest affair of the kind ever held in Toronto. The company must have disposed of a considerable quantity of its genuine (?) quadruple plate silverware during the past year in order to be able to do this.

WAGHORN'S GUIDE & POCKET DIRECTORY FOR 1899

OTTAWA LETTER.

HOW THE COUNTRY'S INTERESTS ARE CONSERVED.

Fat Poultry for Great Britain
—The International Commission and Notes of Interest from Canada's Capital.

Ottawa, Jan. 7.—The Mail Empire has become so accustomed to making itself supremely ridiculous on every conceivable occasion, that its absurd breaks excite very little attention, now, even among its own friends. The editorial a few days ago on the domestic penny postage reform, was exceptionally funny, however, and the writer would make good money on a comic paper,—"Punch" preferred, as his style is a little heavy. The reduction in the domestic rate was made, we are told, because of the "three months" persistent hammering of the Mail Empire at the door of the Post Office Department. Is it possible that the habitual readers of the Mail really know so little of what is going on in current politics that they can be deceived by such a yarn? Have they been so ill-informed by their "favorite journal," that they do not know that the Post Master General secured authority from Parliament last June to make the reduction as soon as the financial state of the Department would warrant it, and that the only thing that stood in the way of an immediate reduction was the huge deficit left in the Department by Sir Adolph Caron and other Conservative Post-Masters General.

This power to make the reform was granted months before the Mail, by its own showing, began to waken up to the desirability of the change, notwithstanding the fact that petitions from representative bodies all over the country had poured in upon the Department, long, long before the present Government took charge, praying for the concession which no other Minister could grant, because it cost too much to give mail contracts to political favorites at exorbitant prices. Of course if the Mail's readers choose to swallow all the buncombe served up in its editorial columns, without caring whether the statements agree with its news columns or not, its their own concern principally; but one hates to see unsuspecting good nature imposed upon like that.

THE HIGH JOINT COMMISSION.

The Canadian Commissioners have returned to Washington to complete their work upon the International treaty which there is every reason to believe will very shortly assume concrete form. In spite of the most persistent, and even malignant, attempts of many Opposition papers to discredit the work of the Commission, and to create distrust in the minds of the Canadian people against their representatives, at the same time holding them up to the ridicule of other nations, the difficulties, at one time apparently unsurmountable, have been steadily met and very largely overcome, and while it is too much to hope that either parties to the treaty will get all they desired, it is now beyond all question that very real and substantial progress has been made toward removing long standing difficulties which have for many years proved a fruitful cause of international irritation and the greatest obstacles to the permanent cementing of the bonds of international amity and good will. When the Anglo-Saxon people get down to business with an honest determination to succeed, there are no difficulties that cannot be overcome and the results of the deliberations of the High Joint Commission will prove this.

FAT POULTRY FOR BRITAIN.

The shipments of fat poultry to the British market for the Christmas trade this season has been largely of the nature of an experiment, and it is most gratifying to learn that the experiment has proved an unqualified success. The consignments have met with a ready sale in Liverpool at 16 cents per pound, wholesale, which is equal to an average of \$1.76 per pair. The following extracts from a letter from a consignee, show that the chickens were landed in first class condition, and that a very large trade may be developed:—"I was agreeably surprised at the all-round excellence of your experimental shipment of Canadian capons. On opening the case the birds were found to be in beautiful condition, and presented a most saleable appearance. After the birds were uncased I hung one to find how long it would retain its bright appearance, and found that it became milky white in color as soon as the bird had dried out of its chilled state. To-day, five days later, it is as nice looking as fresh killed bird. I think the price obtained will both please and pay you. It is a fair market price, and on a par with the present rate for Surrey chickens. For small weekly arrivals I venture to think the price could be maintained, but anticipate that large consignments would bring the price down to sevenpence (14c.) per pound."

The chickens when put up to fatten, were worth about 50c. per pair. The food consumed per pair, during the fattening, cost 31 cents, making a total cost of 81 cents per pair, without allowing anything for the labor of attending them. The packing cases cost at the rate of 3 cents per pair, and the transportation and selling charges would cost in the usual course of business for such chickens not more than 22 cents per pair, a total of \$1.06, leaving 70 cents per pair for the labor and profit.

A VERITABLE MARE'S NEST.

Sir, Wilfrid Laurier "has become a contributor to the New York World," and made certain sensitive Opposition papers "sick to think of it," and the disgust, with which one reads his message to the American nation, printed in the columns of that great scavenger of the world's rottenness, is only equalled by the sensation that comes to a land-lubber caught in a storm at sea on his first voyage." &c. Too bad, all this suffering for nothing?—Sir, Wilfrid Laurier did not write a line to the New York World, but on the contrary declined that paper's invitation to do so. It looks very much as if there are journalistic landlubbers caught in other ways than in storms at sea,—if only their "sickness" would clear a little of the political bile out of their systems it would do them no harm.

THE USE OF ADVERSITY.

Sweet are the uses of adversity. So uniformly unkind has Fortune been to

Gifts that the Men Appreciate!

Thousands of Dollars are wasted every year in useless, silly little presents! . . .

Men don't care for such trinkets and trumpery, at least most men don't! . . .

If you want to please a man give him something useful and ornamental; something to wear!

A FEW SUGGESTIONS.

Fine Neckwear, Fancy Vests,
Silk Handkerchiefs and Scarfs,
Fancy Suspenders, Fur Caps,
Fur Collars, Gloves, Mitts,
Felt Boots, Overshoes,
Slippers, &c., &c.

SUCH PRESENTS ARE
HERE IN ABUNDANCE AND
AT MODERATE PRICES.

Our Stock of Christmas Croceries
is complete in all lines.

One Car Potatoes to Arrive. Flour and Feed.
Green Apples.

Remember the old reliable store has always a complete stock of Hardware, Groceries,
Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes.
Etc., at right prices.

R. BOGUE.

the Opposition in the by-elections, both Federal and Provincial, that the slightest modification of the unbroken ill-luck is hailed with extravagant acclaims. The man who can find a rebuff for the Hardy Government in a couple of elections resulting, the first in a Conservative seat held by a majority practically unchanged, and the second by a Liberal seat held by a majority increased from 61 to 700 must be optimistic to a degree approaching the sublime. Such is the buoyancy effected by the Mail-Empire, that it not only shouts gleefully at having retained one seat, but further points out that that Government has only made one gain in all the by-elections. In as much as the Opposition only attacked seats that they thought they were certain they could capture and having attacked them declared that they would capture sufficient to overthrow the Government, it will be apparent to most people that the Government has very little to kick about under the circumstances.

Centuries ago, people used to fear what they called the pestilence. "Black Death" was the most terrible thing in the world to them. They feared it as people now fear the Cholera and Yellow Fever. And yet there is a thing that causes more misery and deaths than any of these. It is so common that nine-tenths of all the sickness in the world is traceable to it. It is merely that simple, common thing constipation. It makes people listless, causes dizziness, headaches, loss of appetite, loss of sleep, foul breath and distress after eating. The little help needed is furnished by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One pill is a gentle laxative and two a mild cathartic. Once used, always in favor. If you are careless enough to let an unscrupulous druggist sell you something on which he makes more money, it is your own fault if you do not get well. Be sure and get Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets.

Send 31 cents in one-cent stamps to World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y., and receive Dr. Pierce's 1008 page "Common Sense Medical Advisor," profusely illustrated.

A NEW INVENTION

WILL BRING COMFORT TO ALL
THERE IS NO CASE OF RHEUMATISM BUT CAN BE CURED FOR 50c

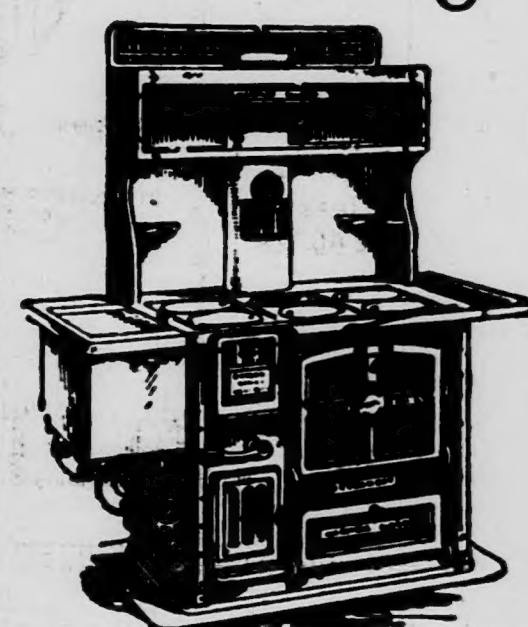
RUSTIC RHEUMATIC INSOLETS effect a permanent cure where all other remedies fail to afford the slightest relief.

They make the old folks young again
And make the cripples leap;
And give you comfort while you awake
And comfort while you sleep.

Rustic Rheumatic Insoles are made to fit all sizes of shoes and will be sent by mail to any address on receipt of price, 50c. A positive cure guaranteed in every case of Rheumatism or money refunded. Advice furnished free on application. General agents wanted everywhere. Do not suffer any more but send at once for a pair of Rustic Rheumatic Insoles that will give you everlasting relief and happiness. Address:

THE DR. MARSHALL CHEMICAL CO.
Detroit, Mich. Windsor, Ont.
Mention The Moose Jaw Times.

Oxford Ranges



We are just unloading a 30-ton car of Oxford Steel Ranges, Base Burners and Air Tight Heaters: a limited number of which were not spoken for. Order early and secure the car load freight rate.

CURNEY-FOUNDRY COMPANY LIMITED.
Jno. Brass, Agt.

\$10.00 REWARD.

Lost between Simington's corner and C.P.R. round house, a pocket book containing \$45.35. The above reward will be paid to the party returning same. G. MOTTA
Moose Jaw, Assa. 26-28.

Desirable Property For Sale.

The undersigned will receive tenders up to Jan. 10th next for the purchase or rental of his house and lots on River Street, east. Will also sell furniture and carpets. House may be inspected at any time. It will pay any one wishing to secure a comfortable home to look into this. A. HICKS. 24-26

H. McDOUGALL

Lumber Yard.

Building material of every kind kept on hand and at right prices. Cedar posts, sawn and split.

Geo. B. Sharpe, Manager.

OFFICIAL GEO. WAGHORN'S GUIDE. 5c

A Suit to Fit . . . Needs Cut.

A Suit to Wear Needs Cloth.

A Suit to Sell . . Needs Style.

The Reason Why?

Our Evening Dress Suits sell and satisfy when sold is because they combine these three points.

W. N. MITCHELL

Storm Windows AND DOORS.

Lumber, Lime, Coal, & Wood.

CHOPPED CORN, OATS AND WHEAT.

Pop Corn on the Cob, 10c. a lb.

Skates Sharpened 15c. House To Let.

E. Simpson & Co.

UP-TO-DATE STOVES

And Pipes of Our Own Make at . .

G. K. SMITH'S.

Tin Shop in Connection.

CANADIAN ANTHRACITE COAL.

We are prepared to supply the trade at the following prices

Furnace \$9.00. — Hall 70c \$4.85
Stove 3.00. — " 4.85
Net 8.00. — " 4.25

No attention will be given to orders not accompanied by cash.

R. BEARD.
Houses for Sale.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, ten dollars per annum.

W. M. GRAYSON, Barrister, Advocate, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc. Office Main St., Moose Jaw, N.W.T. Agent for the Canada Northwest Land Company, Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw Town Site.

W. B. WILLOUGHBY, B.A. LL.B. Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, &c. Solicitor for Union Bank of Canada. Bellamy Block Moose Jaw Assa.

T. C. JOHNSTONE, Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, &c. Office: Cor. South Ry. & Rose Sts., Regina.

TURNBULL & McCULLOCH. Office in Bole's block, cor. Main and River streets.

A. R. Turnbull, M.D., C.M. J. W. McCulloch, M.D.

S. W. RADCLIFFE, M.D. Physician and Surgeon.

Office at Colling's Drug Store, Main Street.

D. P. F. SIZE, L.D.S., M.R.C.D.S. SURGEON DENTIST Moose Jaw, Assa. Office, Bellamy's Block. Open 3rd to 21st each month. All branches in dentistry skillfully performed.

H. McDOUGALL, Registrar, Moose Jaw District, for Births, Marriages and Deaths.

W. C. LUSK, PHOTOGRAPHER. Open each month from 25th to 31st. Newest and Best Styles of Work.

O. B. FISH, Auctioneer and Valuator. Manitoba Street. Moose Jaw, Assa.

BRANDON MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS

The best equipped shop in this line of business in the Dominion; noted for the superiority of their workmanship and beauty of their designs in Granite and Marble Monuments, Headstones, Mantle Pieces, Cemetery Fencing, Tablets, etc. Their native Granite curling stones and turned columns have received special mention and diploma at Winnipeg Industrial Fair.

Sommerville & Co., Proprietors. Rosser Ave., Brandon.

McDonald & Riddell.

LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLES.

First class rigs and good driving horses to hire on reasonable terms. Draying done to all parts of the town. Best accommodation for the general public.

McDonald & Riddell. High St., Moose Jaw.

W. C. SANDERS, CONFECTIONER.

Just received a fresh stock of . . .

'Xmas Confectionery, Fruits, Cigars, Etc.

Cowan's Toronto Chocolates, Watson's and Perrin's Chocolates and Candy. Spanish Grapes, Oranges, Lemons, &c., &c.

Fraser & Stirling's Cigars & Other Brands Wholesale & Retail.

Fresh Oysters in Bulk or Served. Ontario Winter Apples for sale by the lb.

REDUCED PRICES FOR SUNDAY SCHOOLS

THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

MOOSE JAW, N.W.T.

PERSONAL CHATS.

Justice of the Peace Reynolds of Denver omits the word "obey" in the marriage ceremony.

Congressman William Alden Smith of Michigan was a newsboy in Grand Rapids only 20 years ago.

Herr Doss, cicerone to the kaiser on his eastern trip, is regarded as the most "travelled" man in Europe.

Admiral Schley is one of 12 children and has two uncles each the father of 13. He is no believer in unlucky numbers.

Ian MacLaren, who is to lecture in the west next spring, is said to intend remaining in this country for at least a year.

David Linton, who is said to be the richest man in Ohio, is the son of a poor Irishman who intended his boy for a blacksmith.

Ex-Postmaster General William L. Wilson's grandfather was a farmhand in Jefferson county, Va. His father was a country schoolteacher.

Albert Bryant, a nephew of William Cullen Bryant, living in Chicago, is said to bear the most remarkable likeness to his famous uncle.

Princess Carlotta Irbide, daughter of Prince Irbide of Mexico, presides over a lemonade stand in one of the plazas in the City of Mexico.

Sir Herbert Kitchener is something more than a soldier. He has made thorough surveys of Palestine, and his reports on his work are accepted as final authority.

General Merritt is second in command of the United States army to General Miles, and will succeed to the place of first in command upon General Miles' retirement in 1903.

The Rev. M. C. Harris, superintendent of Methodist missionary work among the Japanese of the Pacific slope and Hawaiian Islands, is the only Christian clergyman who has been decorated by the emperor of Japan.

A daughter of Congressman Berry of Kentucky has the Hawaiian royal crown that last flouted over the palace of the deposed Queen Liliuokalani. President Dole presented it to her, and the queen is vainly begging for its return.

Buffalo Jones, who in the early days made a living killing lions at 50 cents apiece, has reached Seattle from the Klondike country. He says 2,000 persons will be frozen in and forced to remain at Destruction City, N. W. T., this winter as a result of taking the Edmonton route to the goldfields.

Archbishop Placide Louis Chapelle of New Orleans, who has been appointed a delegate to Cuba by the pope, was born in France in 1841 and educated in that country. He was pastor of St. Matthew's church, Washington, for five years, after which he became successively archbishop of Santa Fe and of New Orleans.

Cheaper Than Payment.



He—Here is your dressmaker's bill. She is becoming impatient for her money.

She—Indeed? Then I must call tomorrow and order a new dress.—Heitero Welt.

A Combination.

The Bride—No man can serve two masters.

The Benedict—That's why I want you to be cook, my dear.—New York Journal.

Another Gone Wrong.

"I've gone down in the world," remarked the victim as he reposed on his bed at the bottom of the well into which he had fallen.—Judy.

What It Would Do.

The Mick—Shure an whin th' country calls you'll find ivry Irishman springin' forward to th' front.

The Moke—Heavens! And leave us entirely without police protection!—New York Journal.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Association of Ideas.

"Gwilliams," said Saint, who had been in a brown study for several minutes, "what is the name of that British general they have been making so much fuss over?"

"Kitchener, isn't it?" responded Gwilliams.

"That's it!" exclaimed Saint delightedly. "Kitchener! That brings it up all right. I know now what it was my wife asked me to attend to this morning. She wanted me to advertise for a book."—Chicago Tribune.

Class.



Two wheelmen are discussing their relative merits.

A.—Have you ever run over anybody?

B.—No, never.

A.—Then you are not in my class.—Fliegende Blätter.

Meant What It Said.

"Isn't that rather an odd sign?" he asked of the tobacconist as he indicated a placard which bore this inscription:

CIGARS FOR SMOKING.

"Oh, I don't know," replied the tobacconist in the tone a man uses who is confident that he does know. "I have cigars for smoking, and then have cigars for Christmas presents."—Town Topics.

Dead Easy.

Walking Delegate—Say, you fellows what makes you all look so cheerful? What's the matter in this shop, anyway? A person might think every man here was satisfied with his wages, never saw anything like it. Are you all crazy?

Foreman—Naw. Everything is lovely here, and why not? The proprietor of the place is running for office. We've had four raises in the last three weeks just for the asking.

A Chance at Last.

First Commercial (with newspaper)—Hello! What's this? "Serious fire at a country terminus! Great damage! Refreshment buffet burnt out!"

Second Commercial—Really, how very fortunate!

First Commercial—Fortunate?

Second Commercial—Why, yes. Don't you see, we shall stand a chance of getting a fairly fresh stock of sandwiches there now.—Ally Sloper

The Reason Why.

She was a lovely girl, but she didn't know anything about the language of the game.

"Why," she innocently asked, "why does that big fellow look as if he had stuffed himself with a pillow?"

The young man at her side laughed convulsively.

"So that he can touch down!" he hoarsely shrieked, and fell off the seat.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Severe colds are easily cured by the use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, a medicine of extraordinary penetrating and healing properties. It is acknowledged by those who have used it as being the best medicine for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs, and all affections of the throat and chest. Its agreeableness to the taste makes it a favorite with ladies and children.

THE CURE OF ASTHMA.

Libbig's Asthma Cure will cure Asthma, Hay Asthma or Hay Fever. Hundreds of people in our continent will say so. It is a high class medicine, endorsed by the medical men, and used by the best people in all parts of the civilized world.

A free trial bottle will be sent to any sufferer by mail prepaid. If you are afflicted, send your name and address to The Libbig Co., 17 King street west, Toronto, and say you saw this free offer in this paper.

AS TO EPILEPSY AND FITS.

Libbig's Fit Cure for Epilepsy and kindred affections is the only safe remedy, and is now used by the best physicians and hospital in Europe and America. It is confidently recommended to the afflicted. If you suffer from Epilepsy, Fits, St. Vitus Dance, or have children or relatives that do so, or know a friend who is afflicted, then send for a free trial bottle and try it. It will be sent by mail prepaid. I have cured where everything else has failed. When writing mention this paper and give full address to The Libbig Co., 17 King street west, Toronto.

AN ENCHANTED GROVE.

Buzzing Bees That Cannot Be Found and a Mysterious Hammering.

Away back in the fifties there was a Shawnee Indian village on the South Canadian river, about 85 miles west of South McAlester, but the old village has long since disappeared. On the spot where the young Shawnee buck sang his kiowals to his dusky maiden and courted his best girl by the light of the full moon only an occasional rock hearth and a few graves are left to indicate the former hunting grounds of the red man.

Near the old village site now lives a white man. Just on the border of this man's farm is a spot which seems to have been the thickest settled part of the Shawnee village, and here is a grove of black oak trees. In this grove are two very large post oak trees, one in the south end and one in the north end of the grove. In the grove can be heard most any day the buzzing of a swarm of bees so plainly that the noise has fooled many old bee hunters, but their search has never revealed a single bee.

Now comes the most peculiar part of this most peculiar tale. The large post oak tree standing at the north end of the grove is the curiosity of the bunch, for not long ago a young man, hearing of the bees, went to the spot and proceeded to look carefully up each tree in the grove until he came to the north tree. He was within two feet of this tree, looking up, when he heard a noise just like a carpenter at work nailing on boards, and the noise seemed to come from the tree. He went around it several times trying to locate the hammering, but it still seemed to come from the tree. The hammering continued until he happened to touch the tree with his hand, when it suddenly stopped. The man then went away amazed. A day or so afterward this man had occasion to again pass that way. He slipped up to the tree and listened for the hammering, and, sure enough, it was as plain as ever. He touched the tree with the end of his finger, and, as before, the noise stopped at once. This man and several others have tried touching the tree several times since, with the same result.

They say that the humming of bees and the curious hammering can be heard any day, but no one has been able to explain the mysteries of this enchanted grove.—Galveston News

STAYING HOME FROM SCHOOL.

Being a Short Chapter From the History of Little Susan Gratebar.

"I'm not going to school this morning," says little Susan Gratebar, and Mamma Gratebar, indulgent ever, makes no objection, for the rain is falling very heavily, the sky is dark, the wind northeast—a rainy day.

And so a leisurely breakfast for little Susan, a glance at the clock now and then as the school hour approaches, and a sense of pleasure as it passes and leaves her here at home instead of finding her in her accustomed place at school. For this is a break in the routine, a relief from school and studies, a novelty, for home to her in these unaccustomed hours seems strange, just as to any of us any familiar thing will seem strange when seen in any other than its familiar relations to other things.

And Susan reads and plays games with her little brother and walks about the house, and finally gets a little tired of it all, as any of us would, for we all, old and young, need for our welfare some regular employment—to have, as the saying is, our minds occupied. And presently little Susan gets interested in the weather. There's a thin place in the clouds, as there often is even on the rainiest days, and by comparison the sky lightens up a good deal. Then Susan says to her mother:

"Do you think it's going to clear off?" But Mrs. Gratebar, older than Susan and wiser in the weather as in other things, says she hardly thinks so yet, and, sure enough, ten minutes later it has shut in blacker than ever and the rain falls more and more heavily. And so it goes, the whole day long—a rainy day—and Susan doesn't go to school at all. She stays in the house, and it gets pretty irksome before nightfall.

But some time in the night the wind changes and comes out from the northwest. The storm has passed, the sun shines brightly, and little Susan is up and off to school bright and early and glad to go.

The first permanent military force in England was the king's guard of yeomen, established in 1486.

HEART PAINS

The Heart and Nerves are Often Affected and Cause Prostration of the Entire System.

A Kingston Lady Testifies to Her Experience in the Use of Minard's Heart and Nerve Pills.

People who suffer from any disease or disorder of the heart nervous system, such as Palpitation, Skip Beats, Smothering or Sinking Sensations, Sleeplessness, Weakness, Pain in the Head, etc., cannot afford to waste time trying various remedies, which have nothing more to back up their claims than the bold assertions of their proprietors.

These diseases are too serious to permit of your experimenting with untried remedies. When you buy Minard's Heart and Nerve Pills, you know you have behind them the testimony of thousands of Canadians who have been cured by their use. One of these is Mrs. A. W. Irish, 92 Queen Street, Kingston, Ont., who writes as follows:

"I have suffered for some years with a smothering sensation caused by heart disease. The severity of the pains in my heart caused me much suffering. I was also very nervous, and my whole system was run down and debilitated. Hearing of Minard's Heart and Nerve Pills being a specific for these troubles, I thought I would try them, and therefore got a box at McLeod's Drug Store.

"They afforded me great relief, having toned up my system and removed the distressing symptoms from which I suffered. I can heartily recommend these wonderful pills to all sufferers from heart trouble."

Laxative Pills cure Biliousness, Dyspepsia and Constipation. Every pill perfect. Minard's Liniment Cures Croup in Cows.

A TELLING EXPERIENCE.

A STORY TOLD BY A WELL-KNOWN SALVATION ARMY CAPTAIN.

His Body Racked From Head to Foot With Rheumatic and Neuralgic Pains. He Would Prefer Death to Undergoing Such Suffering Again.

From the Post, Lindsay, Ont.

It is not the lot of but a limited number of people to enjoy the confidence of such an exceedingly large circle of friends and comrades as does Capt. John A. Brokenshire, who was recently interviewed by a Post reporter at the home of his parents at Rosedale, a pretty hamlet situated at the head of Balsam river in Victoria county, where the elder Mr. Brokenshire, who has reached the three-score years and ten, has held the position of lockmaster for the past twenty-two years. Capt. Brokenshire, the subject of this article is 34 years of age, is well-known and highly respected throughout many of the leading cities and towns of Ontario, where, during his seven years service in Salvation Army work he has come in contact with a large number of people. He has been stationed at Toronto, Montreal, Peterboro, Ottawa, Morrisburg and minor places, and at one time was a member of a travelling S. A. string band. The following is Capt. Brokenshire's own statement:

"I had been slightly troubled with rheumatic pains for several years, and had to give up the Army work on different occasions on account of my trouble. When stationed in Morrisburg, four years ago, I became completely unfitted for work, as I suffered terribly with pains in the back of my neck, down my shoulders and arms and through my body. In fact I had pains of a stinging muscular nature from the back of my head to my toes. I could not bend my head forward if I got the whole of Canada to do so, and when in bed the only slight rest I got was with a large pillow under my shoulder, this letting my head hang backwards. I could not get up, but had to roll or twist myself out of bed as my spine seemed to be affected. My medical adviser pronounced my trouble neuralgia and rheumatism combined which he said had gone through my whole system. He prescribed for me but the medicine gave me no relief. I tried various other remedies but they were of no avail. Believing my case to be hopeless I determined to start for my home in Rosedale, but the jarring of the train caused such terrible agony. I was compelled to abandon the trip a Peterboro, where I was laid up for three weeks, when I finally made a herculean effort and reached home. As my mother says, 'I looked like an old man of 80 years of age when she saw me struggling with the aid of two heavy canes to walk from the carriage to the house.' At home I received every possible attention and all the treatment that kind friends suggested, but I was constantly going from bad to worse. In January, 1896, after many months of untold agony, I determined to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, having read so much in the newspapers of the great benefits received by others from their use. To make sure of getting the genuine article I sent direct to the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., at Brockville, for the pills. After taking two boxes I noticed a slight improvement in my condition which gave me some encouragement and I kept on until I had taken twelve boxes, although before I got through with the sixth I could go to bed and enjoy a good night's rest such as I had not done for years. I never at any time enjoyed better health than I am doing at present. Since my recovery I have induced several friends to take Pink Pills for various troubles and in each case they have effected cures."

The above is a voluntary and correct statement of the facts of my case and I trust that many others may be reading this, receive the blessing that I have. If necessary I would make an affidavit to the above facts at any time.

C. C. RICHARDS & CO.

Dear Sirs,—Your MINARD'S LINIMENT is our remedy for sore throats, colds and all ordinary ailments.

It never fails to relieve and cure promptly.

CHARLES WHOOTEN.

Port Mulgrave.

There never was, and never will be a universal panacea, in one remedy, for all ills to which flesh is heir, the very nature of many curatives being such that were the germs of other and differently seated diseases rooted in the system of the patient—what would relieve one ill in turn would aggravate the other. We have, however, in Quinine Wine, when obtainable in a sound unadulterated state, a remedy for man and grievous ills. By its gradual and judicious use, the frailties of the system are gradually and strength, the influence which Quinine exerts on Nature's own restoratives. It relieves the drooping spirits of those with whom a chronic state of morbid despondency and lack of interest in life is a disease, and, by tranquilizing the nerves, disposes to sound and refreshing sleep—imparts vigor to the action of the blood, which, being stimulated, courses throughout the veins, strengthening the healthy animal functions of the system, thereby making activity a necessary result, strengthening the frame, and giving life to the digestive organs, which naturally demand increased substance—result, improved appetite. Northrop & Lyman of Toronto, have given to the public their superior Quinine Wine at the usual rate, and, gauged by the opinion of scientists, this wine approaches nearest perfection of any in the market. All druggists sell it.

APHORISMS.

Blessed is the influence of one true, loving human soul on another.—George Eliot.

He is but the counterfeit of a man who has not the life of a man.—Shakespeare.

One ungrateful man does an injury to all who stand in need of aid.—Publius Syrus.

The more we do the more we can do; the more busy we are the more leisure we have.—Hazlitt.

A true and genuine impudence is ever the effect of ignorance without the least sense of it.—Steele.

There is certainly something of exquisite kindness and thoughtful benevolence in that rarest of gifts—fine breeding.—Bulwer.

Good intentions are very mortal and perishable things. Like very mellow and choice fruit, they are difficult to keep.—Simmons.

Kind words prevent a good deal of that perverseness which rough and imperious usage often produces in generous minds.—Locke.

None so little enjoy themselves and are such burdens to themselves as those who have nothing to do. Only the active have the true relish of life.—Jay.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

A Somerset (Me.) farmer claims to have Benedict Arnold's sword belt.

The original birch bark deed given by the chief of the Androscoggin to the farmers of Lewiston, Me., of Haymarket square, is shown in a Lewiston store window.

Sweden is Europe's great timber field. Russia has larger forests, but they are much less accessible than those of Sweden, which are usually near rivers or the coast.

To Those of Sedentary Occupation.—Men who follow sedentary occupations, which deprive them of fresh air and exercise, are more prone to disorders of the liver and kidneys than those who lead active, outdoor lives. The former will find in Paro's Vegetable Pills a restorative without question the most efficacious on the market. They are easily procurable, easily taken, act as a purgative, and they are surprisingly pleasant to the taste.

INCALCULABLE GOOD.

AN EXPRESSION OF FAITH.

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills have done me an incalculable amount of good. I think they are the best, surest and quickest acting cure for nervousness, unhealthy action of the heart, insomnia or sleeplessness, anemia or impoverished blood, loss of appetite, general debility and ill-health. For nine years, before I commenced taking Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills, my heart was weak and in an unhealthy state. Its action was so much impaired that I could not walk across the street without suffering great distress, my heart fluttering and beating so rapidly that I could scarcely breathe, causing faintness, loss of strength, and leaving my nerves all unstrung. My sleep was very much disturbed, I had no appetite and there was little strength or vitality in my blood; I was always excessively nervous.

I have now taken three boxes of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills and since taking them I have not been away from my business an hour. Before taking these pills it was a frequent occurrence for me to be away from business. As a result of taking Dr. Ward's Pills my heart is perfectly healthy and strong and gives me no distress or trouble whatever. They removed all nerve trouble, made my nerves strong and gave me healthy sleep. These pills also gave me a healthy appetite. Dr. Ward's Pills have given me perfect health, restoring my lost strength, in place of continual ill-health, weakness, heart trouble and nervousness. In justice I cannot speak too highly of this wonderful medicine. Signed, Miss N. Millward, Walton St., Port Hope, Ont.

Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills are sold at 50c. per box, 5 boxes for \$2.00 at druggists, or mailed on receipt of price by THE DOCTOR WARD CO. Limited, 71 Victoria Street, Toronto. Book of information free.

A Sure Cure for Headache.—Eminent headache, to which women are most subject than men, becomes so acute in some subjects that they are utterly prostrated. The stomach refuses food, and there is a constant and distressing effort to free the stomach from bile which has become unduly secreted there. Paro's Vegetable Pills are a speedy alternative, and in neutralizing the effects of the intruding bile relieves the pressure on the nerves which cause the headache. Try them.

Keeping up appearances often means a frugal diet in order to give an occasional dinner.

"It is a Great Public Benefit."—These significant words were used in relation to Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil, by a gentleman who had thoroughly tested its merits in his own case—having been cured by it of lameness of the knee, of three or four years' standing. It never fails to remove soreness as well as lameness, and is an incomparable preventive and corrective.

We beg to call attention to the advertisement of Dr. Ward's Blood and Nerve Pills in this paper. The pills have also been on the market for many years, and have already proved to be a most excellent family medicine as a cure for constipation, indigestion, biliousness, etc. They are sold at 50c. per box, or mailed on receipt of price by Dr. Ward Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

\$50 to \$10,000 INVESTED CAN be doubled in one year. We do not invest in the stock market, but in railroad shares selling at low prices, that we know are going to advance, we buy the scrip and register it in the purchaser's name and send it to him. Twelve years established. Bank references and the most reputable people in Vermont. References throughout Canada. We have the largest business of the kind in the United States. KNOTT & CLOUGH, Bankers and Brokers, Burlington, Vt., U.S.A.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Sores Healed.

Nothing like B.B.B. for healing sores and ulcers, no matter how large or how chronic they may be. B. B. B. applied externally and taken internally according to directions will soon effect a cure. It sends rich, pure blood to the part, so that healthy flesh soon takes the place of the decaying tissue.

"I had been troubled with sore fingers and sore toes around the nails. The salve I was using did not help me and I was getting worse. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters, and after using nearly two bottles my sores were all healed up. I consider B.B.B. a wonderful blood purifier." ENOCH G. HORST, Bloomington, Ont.

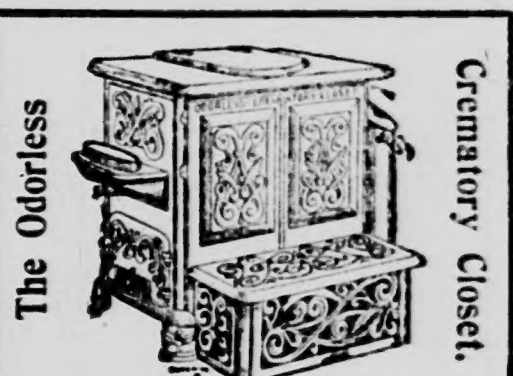
WHITE STAR

Is now a household word, and stands as a guarantee of pure goods, high quality and low price.

White Star Baking Powder

Is Absolutely Pure, keeps Fresh and Full Strength till used. . . . Try it.

THE DYSON-GIBSON CO.



HUNDREDS of these closets are now in use. They are Absolutely Odorless. Fire only required once in two weeks. For circulars write to The Odorless Crematory Closet Co., HAMILTON, ONT.



REID'S PIANOS. In touch, tone and finish they have no equal. Correspondents wanted in every town to act as agents. REID BROS., 157 King St. West, Toronto.

W. R. ALLAN, General Insurance Agent, FIRE Companies Represented: Quebec Fire Insurance Co., Royal Insurance Co., Sun Insurance Office, Union Assurance Society. All classes of business transacted and losses promptly and satisfactorily settled.

AFES VICTOR SAFES. KARL K. ALBE T. GEN. AGT. 407 MAIN ST. WINNIPEG. Next door to P. O.

SAFES FOR CASH. Household Safes, small size, \$12.00. Household Safes, large size, \$30.00. Just the thing for a Christmas present. Both useful and ornamental. Merchants' Safes, all sizes and prices, on easy terms of cash. Come and see them or write for quotations. Special prices during Christmas and New Year.

P. O. Drawer 1287. Tel. 1137. J. D. O'BRIEN, Grain and Stock Broker, WINNIPEG.

Grain and Stock Broker, carried on margins. Grain and Stock Broker, carried on margins. Grain and Stock Broker, carried on margins.

RAW FURS.

I AM IN A POSITION TO PAY you highest London market prices for all raw furs, and to direct to me small or large consignments, attended to promptly and cheaply or money order sent by return. Write for our tags. M. F. St. John, Buyer of Raw Furs for M. Asquith & Co., Ltd., 10, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4.

W N U. 22

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Royal Crown Soap

Grand Weekly Free Sewing Machine Competition

3 New Williams, No. 6

Drop Head, Sewing Machines, Value \$65, Each

Given away weekly for Royal Crown Wrappers and Coupons, viz:

WINNIPEG, 1 each week.
MANITOBA, outside of Winnipeg, 1 each week.
N. W. T. and ONTARIO, sent to Schrieber, 1 each week.

Ask your Grocer for a Coupon with every five bars of wrapped ROYAL CROWN SOAP. Full instructions on each Coupon.

First Drawing Monday, January 16, and each week thereafter until further notice. Large List of Books and Beautiful Pictures still given away for ROYAL CROWN SOAP WRAPPERS to those who do not compete for the Sewing Machines. List mailed free on application.

THE ROYAL SOAP CO., Winnipeg.

Brushes!

A large and well assorted stock of hair brushes, cloth brushes, tooth brushes, nail brushes, shaving brushes, &c.

Pipes!

A beautiful line of merschaum and briar pipes with genuine amber mouth pieces, in leather-finished cases.

Perfumes!

A well assorted stock of Seeley's and Taylor's perfumes at right prices.

A Few Toys Left and Selling at Cost.

TURNBULL & McCULLOCH.

The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1899.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Two columns of matter crowded out this week by Robinson & Hamilton's advt.

Mr. Chas. Baines returned to Donald this week after visiting his sister, Mrs. G. W. Kent.

His Lordship Mr. Justice Richardson was in town on Wednesday en route home to Regina from Milwaukee.

Mr. Frank Grobb arrived from Regina this week and is preparing to commence his implement business this month.

Railway construction in Canada last year aggregated 427 miles. The United States built 3018 miles and Mexico 445.

D. W. Bole of Winnipeg, son of Mr. Jas. Bole of Regina, has been elected Chairman of the School Board in that city.

Leader: By an error the name of Miss Annie Smith was omitted from the list of names of the Moose Jaw party which attended the N.W.M.P. ball at Barracks on 4th inst.

Mr. Adam Carle, a former settler of this district, who left last spring to engage in ranching in the Medicine Hat district, came down last Friday on a business trip to Moose Jaw. Mr. Carle is well pleased with the step he took, having had a very successful year at ranching.

We regret very much to record the death of Florence, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. McLeod, which occurred last Saturday, Jan. 7th. The remains were taken to Broadview and buried in the family plot in the cemetery at that place.

Medicine Hat News: The bowling tournament at the Medicine Hat Bowling Alley closed on Saturday night, after a rattling good run during the holiday week. There were over one hundred competitors in the competition, which was won by A. Hobkirk, with Arthur Brier a close second. The prize was a silver cup.

Mr. T. B. Baker attended the Conservative rally at Regina Monday evening and returned home the following morning. Mr. N. F. Davin, M.P., was the principal speaker. Premier Haultain and Senator Perley followed, after which Mr. Baker expressed very clearly his opinions on several subjects. During the day an executive meeting was held at which some important business was transacted.

Dr. Bonnar, who two years ago went into the Yukon as N.W.M.P. surgeon and subsequently resigned his commission to engage in mining, was a passenger on Tuesday's west bound train. He came out from Dawson City last September and is now looking after his mining interests. Mr. Bulyea accompanied the doctor from Regina to Moose Jaw, and returned the same evening. They became acquainted at Dawson last year.

Regina Leader:—The Christmas dinner of the N. W. M. Police Sergeants' Mess given on Dec. 26th, 1898, was in some ways unique and in every way enjoyable. The menu was in Caterer Blakie's very best style which says a great deal. The menu cards themselves were souvenirs, each card representing a troop or branch of the Imperial or Colonial service taking part in the Jubilee celebrations in London in 1897. The card representing the N. W. M. Police bore the photo of Sergeant Major de Rossett. Some thirty-five friends of the Sergeants from Regina partook with them of Christmas dinner.

A couple of accidents happened down at Estevan this week, both of which might have proven fatal. On Wednesday while shunting in the Estevan yard, the Souris passenger train backed up and ran a first-class coach into a standing freight train, smashing the end of the coach badly and disabling the Souris engine, and also smashing the pilot, head light, smoke-stack and bell of the Soo engine. On Monday of this week another accident happened at Carleton Place, on the Souris branch near Estevan. The driving shaft of the engine broke and demolished one side of the cab, making a hole in the boiler. The fireman and engineer were both badly scalded. The fireman is now in the hospital and doubts are entertained as to his recovery.

Desirable Property For Sale.

The undersigned will receive tenders up to Jan. 10th next for the purchase or rental of his house and lot on River Street, east. Will also sell furniture and carpets. House may be inspected at any time. It will pay any one wishing to secure a comfortable home to look into this. A. HICKS. 24 26

Miss Mabel McLeod returned to Brandon last Thursday.

After to-morrow, Saturday, Mr. Lusk will not be in his studio until February 25.

Don't forget Mr. N. F. Davin's meeting in the Central Hall, Saturday, Jan. 21st, at 2:30 p. m.

Miss Cameron returned home this week after a fortnight's visit with Mrs. Crawford, of Indian Head.

Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Sheppard, Miss Doran and A. Trent, of Stony Beach, registered at the Palmer, Regina, last week.

Mrs. McLeod returned home to Sintaluta last week, after spending Xmas and New Year's with her daughter, Mrs. J. C. Cameron.

Joyner & Elkington's flour mill at Ft. Qu'Appelle was burned at a late hour on Tuesday night. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Mr. Carey has gone east to purchase stock for the new store to be opened by Mrs. Carey and himself at Moose Jaw.—Regina Standard.

In a letter to the TIMES last week, the aggregate membership of the Free Methodists Church was, by mistake, quoted at 40,000 instead of 29,000.

S. B. Sanders, of Moose Jaw, who made butter here last summer, was in town during the past week on business connected with the creamery.—Grenfell Sun.

H. W. Marsh, who visited the west with Harry Lindley, has left the coast eastward with a good theatrical company, which will reach and play at Moose Jaw early in March. The Vancouver papers to hand speak highly of the company.

Miss Sackrider, of Woodstock, arrived yesterday morning and intends making Moose Jaw her home. Miss Sackrider is a dressmaker and is now prepared to take dressmaking by the day. See advt. next week.

At the Methodist church next Sunday the pastor's morning subject will be "Cheer Up," and in the evening he will answer the question "Why does the Methodist church object to dancing?" All are invited.

Medicine Hat News: Sam. Phipps, C. P.R. road foreman, Ft. William, who was visiting the shops here last week, fell into one of the pits and received injuries which laid him up for a few days at the Assiniboia Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Dickson, who have been the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Hamilton for the past two weeks, left for their home at "Breezy Heights," Indian Head, Wednesday evening, having enjoyed their visit here very much.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Nash left last week for Ontario to visit friends, and were accompanied by Mr. Nash's mother, a lady over eighty years of age, who looked forward to the trip not only without misgiving but with a great deal of pleasurable anticipation.—Leader.

Messrs. Bready, Love & Tryon, grain dealers and elevator owners, are forming a joint stock company. Thos. Bready, John Love and Chas. Tryon, of Winnipeg, and Jas. Carruthers and Jas. Bond, of Toronto, will apply to Parliament for incorporation as the Winnipeg Elevator Company with capital stock \$200,000.

Regina Standard.—Mr. Frank J. Grobb and family have removed to Moose Jaw, where Mr. Grobb has gone into the implement business. The STANDARD joins with their numerous Regina friends in wishing them success in their new home and in commending them to the friendship of the good people of our neighborhood.

The St. John, N. B., Board of Trade have issued a comprehensive pamphlet embodying statistics and pertinent information respecting the trade of the city, and the facilities and advantages of the harbor, etc., to show the people of Canada that they can receive and forward their goods through Canadian ports as rapidly, cheaply and safely as through ports of the United States. The pamphlet and its object are alike admirable and valuable.

NEW COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE.

G. H. V. Bulyea Assumes the Portfolios of Agriculture and Treasury.

Regina Leader:—Mr. G. H. V. Bulyea, member of the Legislature for South Qu'Appelle and hitherto a member of Executive Council without portfolio, has this week joined the Government as an active working minister. He becomes Commissioner of Agriculture and Territorial Treasurer. Hitherto Messrs. Haultain and Ross have each borne three portfolios, the former being Attorney-General, Territorial Treasurer and head of the Education department, and Mr. Ross Commissioner of Public Works and Agriculture and Territorial Secretary. Mr. Haultain retains the Education and Attorney-General's departments, and Mr. Ross the Public Works and Secretary's departments. Mr. Bulyea taking the departments of Agriculture and Treasury. Mr. Bulyea will remove his family to Regina next week.

Card of Thanks. Mr. and Mrs. Crebo have requested us to thank the kind friends and acquaintances who helped them during their recent affliction.

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Awarded Highest Honors, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

MOTTA-GLEN.

A Very Pretty Wedding on Wednesday Night.

A very pretty wedding was solemnized on Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Miller, River Street, when Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Glen, of South Moose Jaw, was married to Mr. George Thomas Motta, fitter in the C.P.R. repair shops at this place. Rev. J. C. Cameron tied the nuptial knot. Miss Nellie Haigh acted as bridesmaid, and Engineer Jno. Wallis as best man. The bride was dressed in cream cashmere trimmed with silk and lace. After the ceremony was performed the happy young couple sat down to a wedding supper with a few of their most intimate friends. At eight o'clock Mr. and Mrs. Motta were driven to their new home, where they gave a reception to their numerous acquaintances. The bride was made the recipient of a large number of useful and costly presents, of which the following is a list:

Mr. Motta, Winnipeg, silver cake dish; Mrs. Motta, Winnipeg, tea cozy, teastand and floor mat; the Misses Motta, Winnipeg, clock; Louie Motta, Winnipeg, sofa cushion; Mr. and Mrs. Glen, handsome cheque; Mrs. Jno. Keay, linen table cloth; Mrs. Jas. Coventry, half dozen table napkins; Mrs. Thos. Miller, gold lined berry spoon; Mrs. Chas. Smith, half dozen silver knives and forks; Mr. J. Wallis, gold lined berry spoon; Mrs. W. Bates, half dozen silver table spoons; Mr. J. C. Cameron, "Life of Frances E. Willard"; Mr. A. Lowe, water set; Messrs. J. and A. Smith, parlor lamp; Miss Tapley, fancy linen doilies; Miss Grace Gibbe, Howick, two fancy spoons; Mr. W. Crosscut, five o'clock tea set; Mrs. Bailey, parlor lamp; Mr. Con. Leary, silver butter dish; Mrs. Jas. Rollo, silver trimmed cut glass water pitcher; Mr. R. E. Plaxton, salt and pepper cruet; Mr. Geo. Armstrong, parlor lamp; Mrs. R. E. Doran, fruit set; Miss Haigh, half dozen fruit knives; Miss Keay, silver napkin rings; Mrs. Haigh, Miss Nellie Haigh and Miss Murray, five o'clock tea set; Messrs. Geo. and Jno. Haigh, mantle ornaments; Mrs. E. Wallis, paper rack; Mr. R. Eakin, silk table drape.

Death of Mrs. Ben. Fletcher

It is our sad duty this week to record the death of Mrs. Fletcher, wife of Ben. Fletcher, Deputy Sheriff for this district which occurred at 3 o'clock this morning under very distressing circumstances. Mr. Fletcher's two little daughters have been sick with la grippe for some time, and Mrs. Fletcher while nursing them, took ill with the same complaint, which soon developed into an attack of pneumonia. During Wednesday night she became delirious, but quieted down toward morning. At five o'clock yesterday morning Mr. Fletcher gave her medicine and she went to sleep. He went into the next room and sat down, but sleep soon overcame him. In twenty minutes he awoke and on going to see how his wife was, he discovered that she had made her escape from the house. About a dozen men were soon on the search, with lanterns but it was not until seven o'clock that she was found by Mr. Lusk and Mr. Bonwick, near the "Brewery Bridge," about a quarter of a mile from home. She was reclining in a snow drift, completely exhausted and unconscious. She had left home with nothing but her night dress on. The soles of her feet were slightly frozen, and her limbs were cut by falling in the snow. Mr. Lusk wrapped his fur coat around her and she was taken to Mr. W. N. Mitchell's. She recovered consciousness in the afternoon and was taken to her home, where she entered into rest at three o'clock this morning. Deceased was in her thirty-fifth year and leaves her husband, two little daughters and her father to mourn her loss. She was a very gentle and warm-hearted little woman and her untimely death has cast a gloom over our town.

The funeral service will be held in the Presbyterian church on Sunday at 2 p.m., and thence to the cemetery.

A New Departure.

Dr. Marshand, the celebrated French physician has at last opened his magnificent, well equipped laboratory in Windsor, Ont. There is a large staff of chemists and physicians at his command, and the men and women of Canada may now procure the advice of this famous specialist free of charge. Dr. Marshand has a world wide reputation for successfully treating all nervous diseases of men and women and you have but to write the doctor to be convinced that your answer when received, is from a man who is entitled to the high position he holds in the medical fraternity.

Why suffer in silence when you can secure the advice of this eminent physician free of charge.

All correspondence is strictly confidential and names are held as sacred. Answers to correspondents are mailed in plain envelopes. You are not asked to pay any exorbitant price for medicines, in fact it rarely happens that a patient has expended over 50 cents to one dollar before he or she becomes a firm friend and admirer of the doctor.

A special staff of lady physicians assist Dr. Marshand in his treatment of female cases. Always enclose a three-cent stamp when you write and address the Dr. Marshand Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich., U.S.A. Mention THE MOOSE JAW TIMES when you write the Doctor.

Eastview.

Eastview, Jan. 10.—The weather for the past week has been cold and stormy, but hopes are entertained for an agreeable change. La grippe is prevalent in this community at present. We are glad to report that Miss Martha Johnson, who has been seriously ill for the past week, is now convalescent, and her many friends hope for her speedy recovery. The annual meeting of the Eastview School District was held in the school house on Saturday last, Jan. 7th, and was well attended by residing ratepayers. Our school having commenced again is progressing favorably under the management of Miss M. Kennedy, formerly of Brandon. Messrs. James McGowan and John Brown, of Regina, in company with their wives, have been visiting friends in this neighborhood during the past week.

Messrs. John and William Beesley, of Marlborough, returned home on Saturday after spending a few days with friends in this neighborhood. Why does neighbor Gervais always wear a smile of late? Because he is the proud papa of another daughter. And what about the new Canada postage rate? We believe it is giving general satisfaction.

Manufacturers' Life Insurance Company.

SOUND.

Assets.....\$1,306,446.00
Liabilities.....\$1,103,080.23

PROGRESSIVE.

Began business 1887; had in force end of 1897 \$11,867,229.00 insurance.

LIBERAL.

90 per cent. of its surplus earnings are returned to its policy holders.

Every person should protect his family by purchasing a policy in this company. For full particulars as to rates, plans, etc. apply to

JNO. R. GREEN,
General Agent for Assiniboia,
Moose Jaw, N.W.T.

A PUBLIC MEETING

will be held on
Saturday, January 21st, 1899,
at 2 p.m. in the Town Hall, Moose
Jaw, to discuss public ques-
tions and to enable

Nicholas Flood Davin
to meet his constituents of all opinions

The meeting will have no party end. Suitable seats will be provided for ladies. Those who want Thorough Tariff Reform, Lower Freight Rates, Clean Government, Economy, and Parliamentary Independence are urged to attend. Full opportunity will be given for any who wish to speak in rebuttal or otherwise.

JUST TO HAND

A large consignment of
window shades, poles, and
trimmings. New Williams
Sewing machines on hand.
Iron beds from \$5 up, at

Bellamy's Furniture Store.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

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Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$5 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York

Branch Office, 25 F St., Washington, D. C.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on 21st February, 1899, at the hour of 2 p.m., there will be sold for arrears of taxes by public auction the N. E. 1/4 Sec. 26-17-24 west of 2nd Meridian, Assiniboia. Amount of arrears, \$22.00 and costs, \$6.00. Unless said arrears of taxes and costs are sooner paid, the Treasurer will proceed to sell the lands for taxes on the day and at the place mentioned in the advertisement.

N. T. ALLCOCK,
Sec. Treas., Pasqua.

NOTICE.

The Liquor License Ordinance, North-West Territories.

Application has been made by George Perry, of Moose Jaw, for the transfer to him of the Hotel License granted to D. D. McLeod. In case any protest against the granting of the Transfer is received within 14 days from the date of the advertisement of this notice, the application will be considered by the Board of License Commissioners for License District No. 4, at Moose Jaw, on Tuesday, the 7th day of February, 1899, at 10 o'clock a.m.

Dated at Regina this 9th day of January, 1899.

VICTOR DOUD,
Chief License Inspector.

\$10.00 REWARD.

Strayed from my farm (22-18-23), a gray horse, three year's old, 14 to 15 hands high, branded T on right hip, with headstall on and rope shank attached. Anyone giving information that will lead to the certain recovery of this horse will be rewarded as above. JNO. R. SYMONS, Stony Beach, Post Office, Assa. 26 29

NOTICE.

Regular meetings of the Farmers' Commercial Union will be held in the Orange Hall, Caron, during the months of January, February and March on the Friday on or before the full moon at 2 o'clock p.m. The February meeting will be the annual meeting. Full attendance is requested. SAM. GELTY, President; Z. BATTEL, Secretary. 27 29p.

J. A. McDONALD,
BLACKSMITH.

Manufacturer of McDonald's Weed Destroyer and Cultivator

High Street, West. Moose Jaw, Assa.

JNO. BRASS,
Tin & Sheet Iron
Worker.

MAIN STREET, - - MOOSE JAW

CHRISTMAS!

"ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL."

Another Year Has Almost Gone, And We Are Still Here.

Our business career, although short, has been very successful, for which we feel thankful to our many friends. We sincerely trust we have always treated you kindly, and hope you are satisfied and feel pleasantly towards us. We don't promise you an Xmas present for your favors, but we promise you good

HONEST VALUE FOR GOOD MONEY.

All the year round. If through some unforeseen circumstances any are now feeling dissatisfied, we invite you to come and renew former pleasant relations, and begin the New Year with those who are endeavoring to further your interests by at all times giving good goods for good money. To all we wish a very merry Christmas and a prosperous New Year, and invite you to call, inspect, buy and comment upon our well assorted stock of groceries, crockery, dry goods, etc.

J. A. HEALEY & CO.

House Cleaning

time is here and if you require any....

KALSOMINING,
PAPER
HANGING OR
PAINTING

For anything in this line, if you should consult the undersigned who make it their business and are now prepared to give attention to all work entrusted to them. Good workman-ship at moderate charges.

Jas. Sanders.

PAINTERS AND
PAPER HANGERS.

Miss Lusk
DRESSMAKER.

Will be pleased to receive orders for dresses at Mr. W. N. Mitchell's late residence, two doors west of Methodist church. Prompt attention and satisfaction guaranteed. A trial respectfully solicited.

Miss Lusk

LOVELY
CHRISTMAS
PRESENTS

In Celluloid Hankerchief Boxes, Collar and Cuff Boxes, Glove Boxes, etc., etc. See our China-ware and Fancy Goods and buy your presents at

The Bazaar.

MOOSE JAW MARKETS.

Wheat, No. 1.....\$ 50
" No. 2.....47
Oats.....35
Hay.....7.00
Potatoes.....85
Apples (green) per lb.....4.50
Onions, per lb.....4
Cheese, ".....10 to 15
Bacon, ".....11 to 17
Lard, ".....12 1/2
Butter.....20 to 25
Eggs, per doz.....25

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS
ROYAL MAIL LINES.

The Cheapest and Quickest - ROUTE -
To the
OLD - COUNTRY!
SAILING DATES.

FROM ST. JOHN.

Californian—Allan Line.....Jan. 21
Parisian—Allan Line.....Feb. 11
Scotian—Dominion Line.....Jan. 28

FROM NEW YORK.

Germanic—White Star Line.....Jan. 18
Teutonic—White Star Line.....Jan. 25
Servia—Cunard Line.....Jan. 21
St. Louis—American Line.....Jan. 18
Noordland—Red Star Line.....Jan. 18
Friesland—Red Star Line.....Jan. 25
State of Nebraska—Allan State.....Jan. 19

Cabin, \$47.50, \$50, \$60, \$70, \$80 and upwards. Intermediate, \$31 and upwards. Steerage, \$24.50 and upwards.

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland and at special low rates to all parts of the European continent. Prepaid passage arranged from all points.

W. C. GORDIE, Agent,
Moose Jaw.

Or to
WILLIAM STITT,
General Agent,
C.P.R. Offices, Winnipeg.

10 Per Cent
Discount.

We have some Holiday Goods still left which we will clear at 10 p.c. discount.

E. L. COLLING.

Xmas 1898. New Year '99.

OCTAVIUS FIELD

WHOLESALE DEALER & IMPORTER
OF WINES, LIQUORS AND
CIGARS.

Having just received the last direct importation for the season, my stock is now complete in both imported and domestic goods, consisting of the choicest brands of Irish, Scotch and Rye Whiskies, Brandy, London Old Tom and Holland Gins, Rums, Ports, Sherries, Champagnes, Claret, Sauternes, Burgundies, Ginger and Native Wines, Liqueurs and Bitters, Bass' Ale and Guinness' Stout, Cigars, Cigarettes, Etc.

Terms Cash. Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Business hours from 9 to 20 o'clock.

Octavius Field.